


ALICE Highlights and Upgrade Plans

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Institute of Nuclear Physics (Polish Academy of Sciences)

on behalf of the ALICE Collaboration

 **XVIII Polish Workshop on Relativistic Heavy-Ion Collisions
Strange and Heavy Flavour Physics**

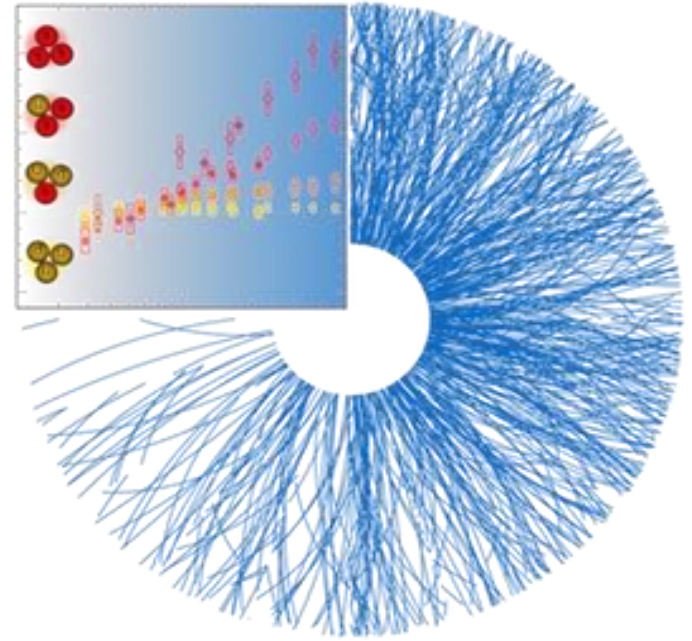
Local Organizing Committee

Mateusz Bajda	Jan Grodecki
Janusz Brzychczyk	Paweł Lasko
Damian Gil	Roman Płaneta
	Paweł Staszal

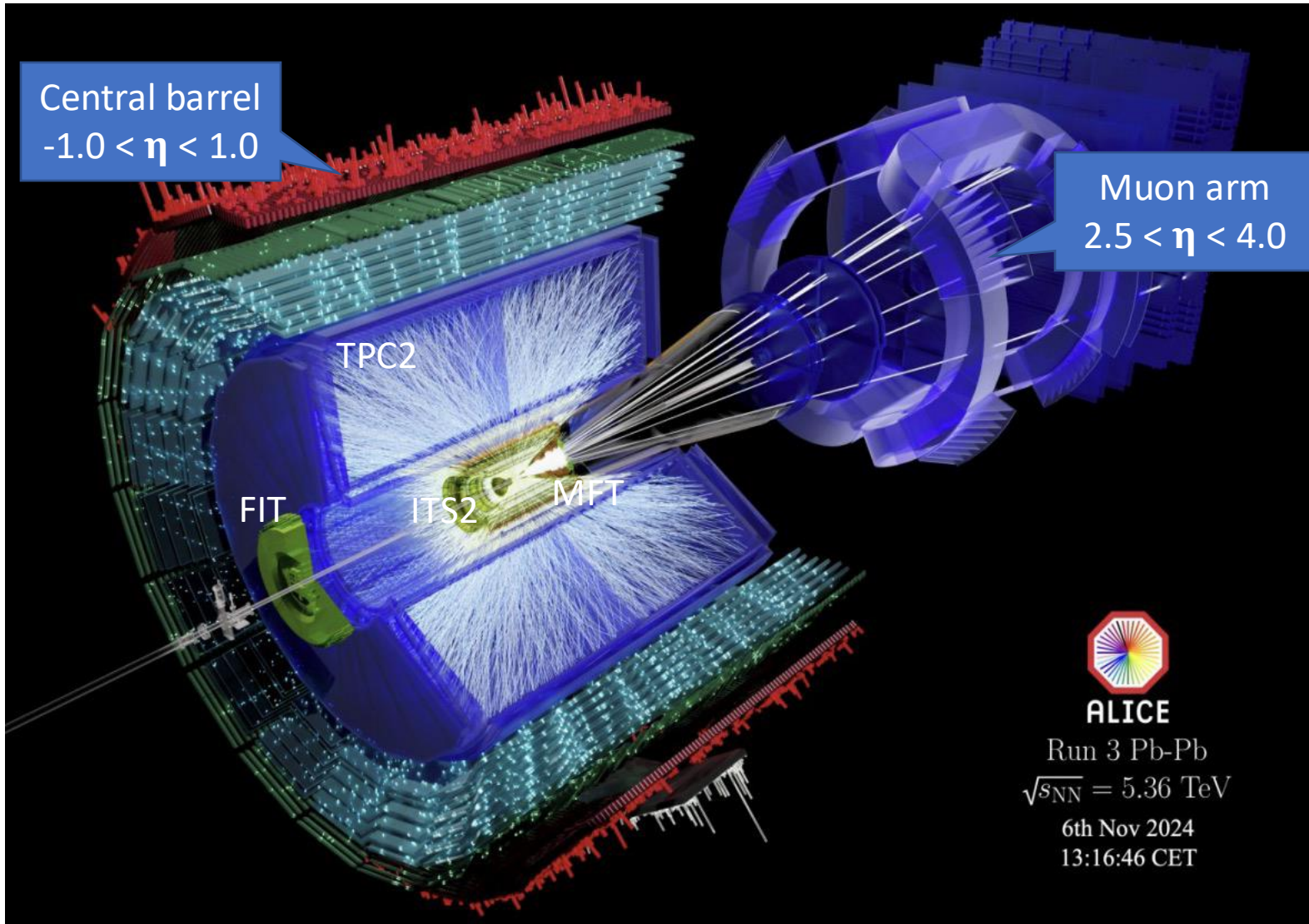
13-14 Dec 2025
Jagiellonian University

Outline

- Introduction
- Recent Highlights
- Upgrade Plans
- Summary & Outlook



A Large Ion Collider Experiment (ALICE)



Excellent particle identification and tracking in the broad momentum range!

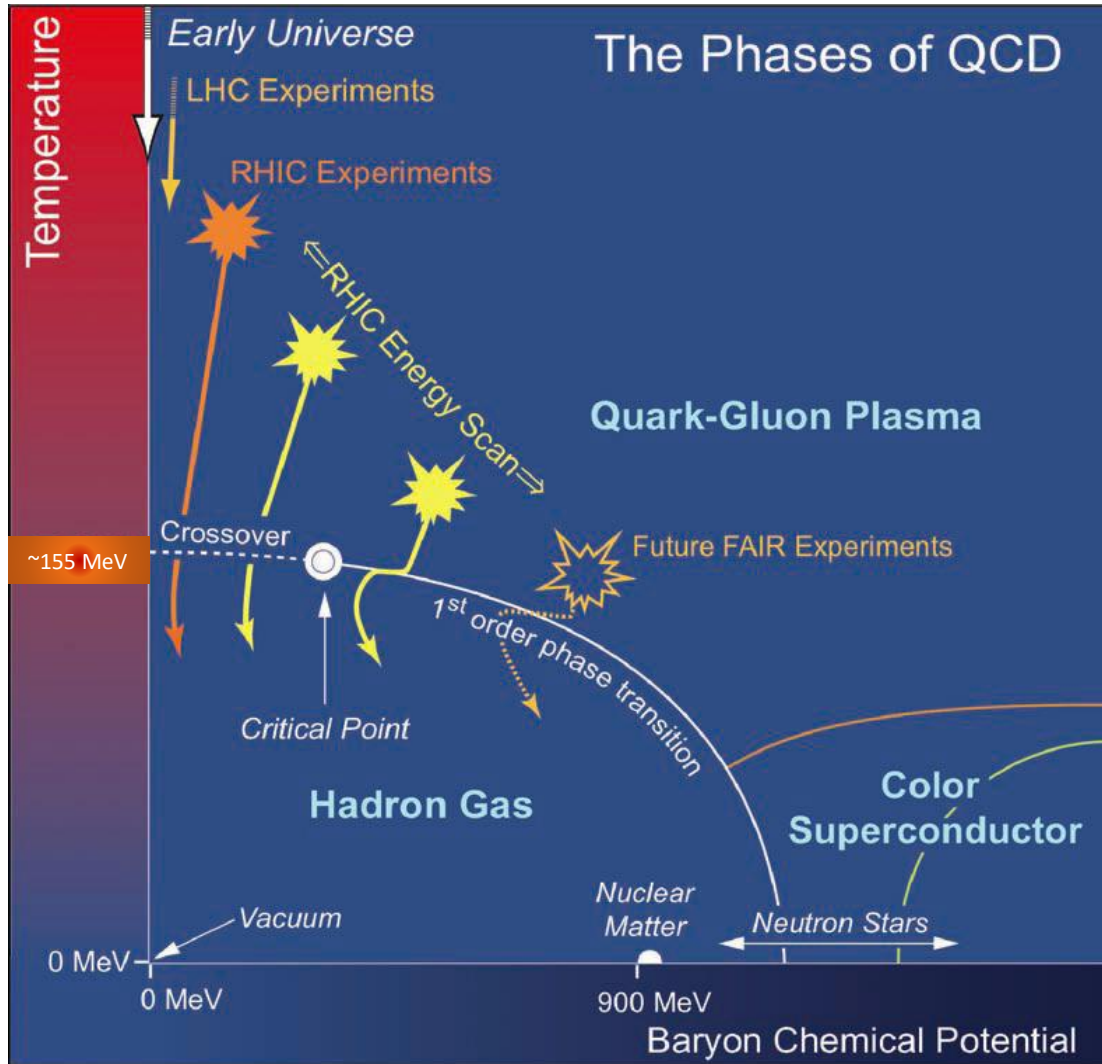
LHC Run 1 (2009-2013), Run 2 (2015-2018) and Run 3 (2022-2026)

Collision systems:
pp, p-Pb, p-O, OO, Ne-Ne, Xe-Xe and Pb-Pb

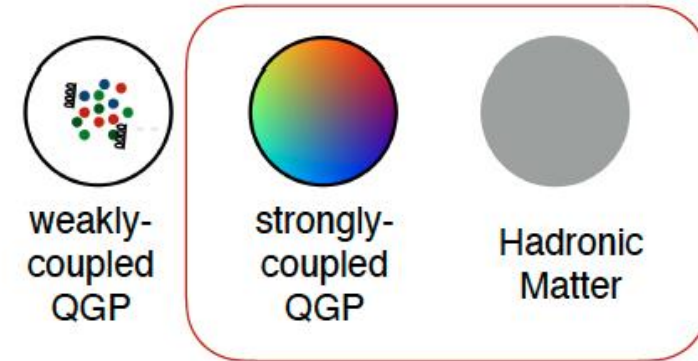
Massive upgrade LS2 (2019-2021): ITS2, TPC2, MFT, FIT ...

x1000 (x30) more pp (Pb-Pb) events already recorded in Run 3 than in Run 1 & Run 2 (analyses are ongoing)

ALICE purpose



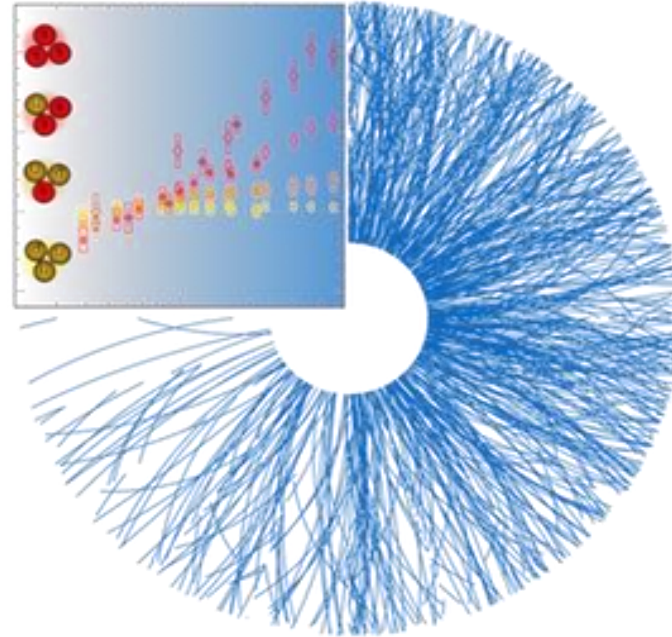
- Properties of QCD matter at extreme conditions
- ... indirect dark matter searches



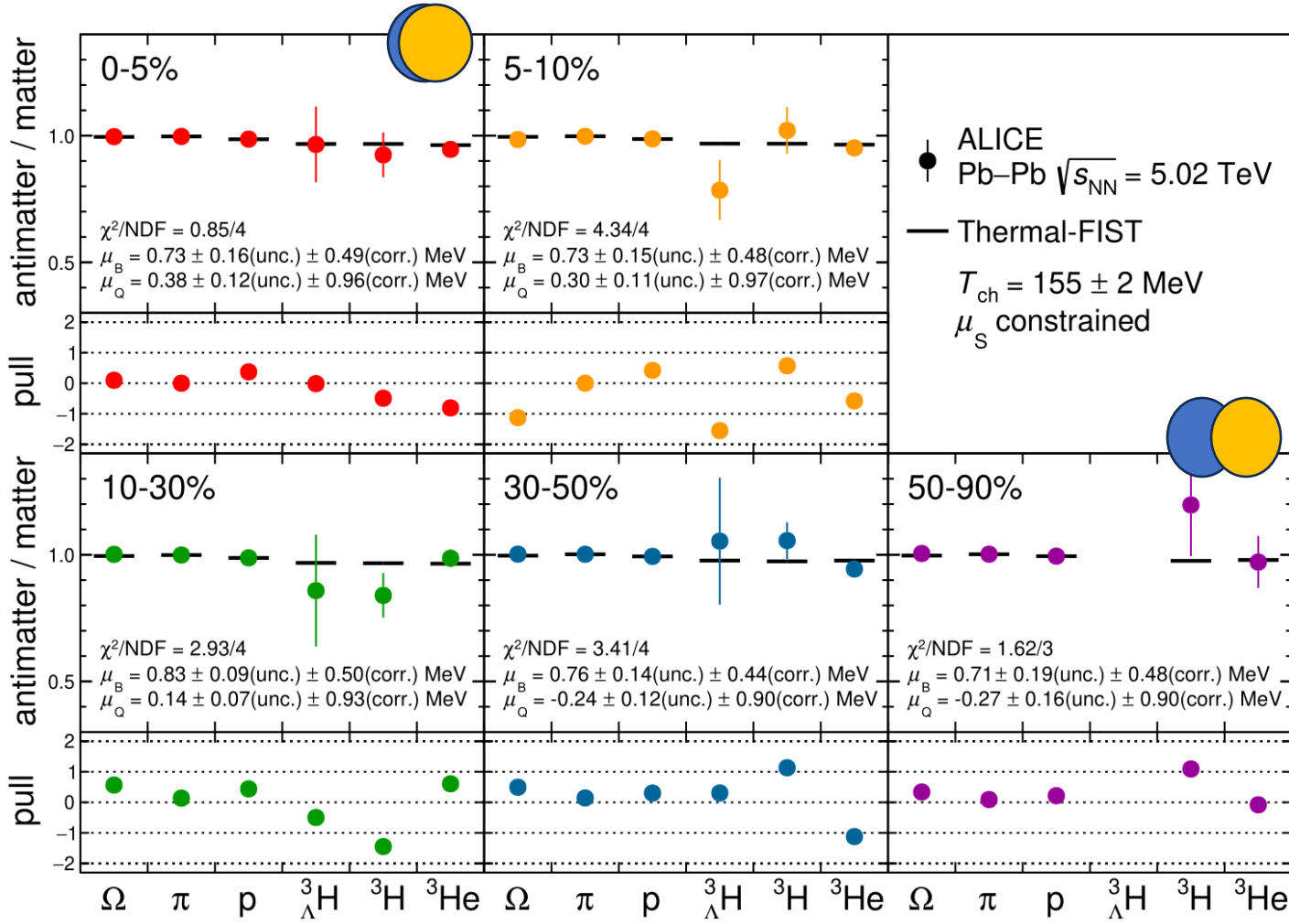
Deconfinement predicted by Lattice QCD at ~ 155 MeV ($\mu_B = 0$)

A. Bazavov et al. Phys. Lett. B 795 (2019) 15

Light flavour



Antimatter/matter imbalance at the LHC



Phys. Rev. Lett. 133 (2024) 092301

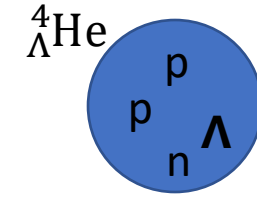
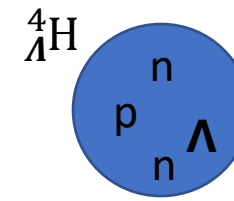
$$\frac{\bar{h}}{h} \propto e^{-2\left(B + \frac{S}{3}\right)\frac{\mu_B}{T} - 2Q\frac{\mu_Q}{T}}$$

System created in Pb-Pb collisions is baryon-free and electrically neutral at midrapidity

Thermal-Fist, V. Vovchenko et al. Comput. Phys. Commun. 244 (2019) 295

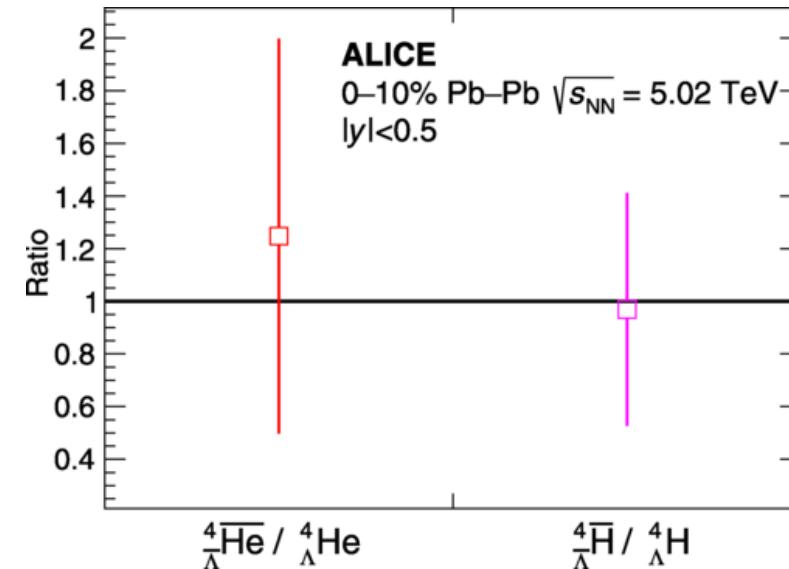
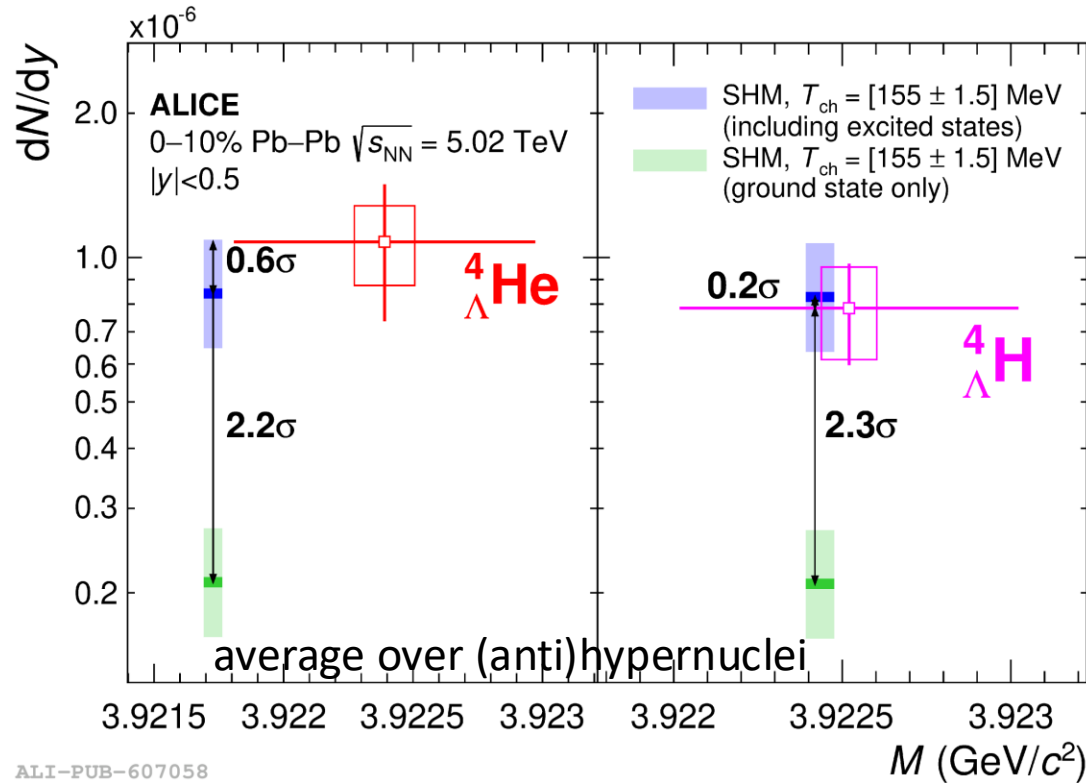
Statistical Hadronization Model (SHM) A. Andronic et al. Nature 561 (2018) 321

First measurement of $A = 4$ (anti)hypernuclei at the LHC



First evidence of the antihyperhelium – 4!

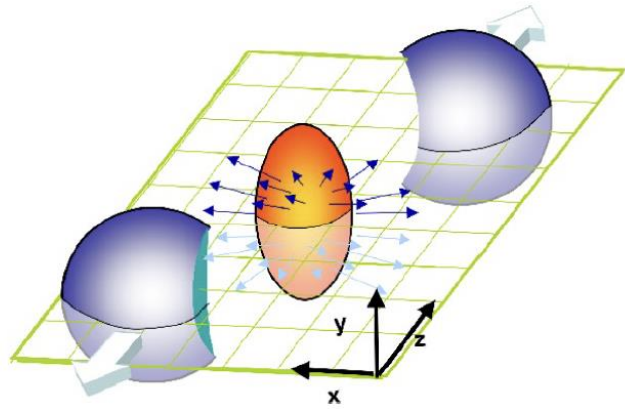
Phys. Rev. Lett. 134 (2025) 162301



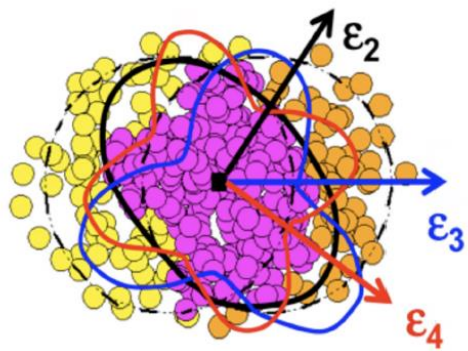
SHM describes data after including excited states

Much larger statistics expected from Run 3

Anisotropic flow

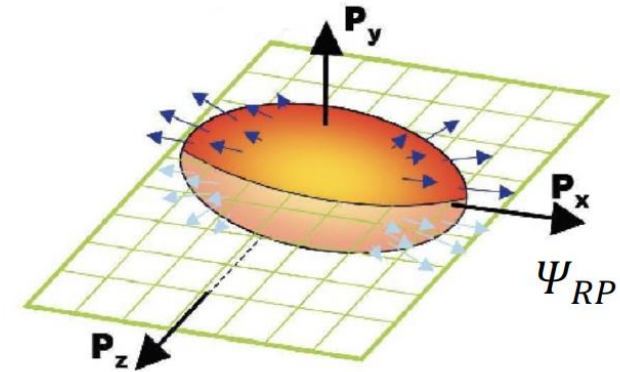


$$\varepsilon_n = \frac{\sqrt{(r^n \cos(n\phi))^2 + (r^n \sin(n\phi))^2}}{\langle r^n \rangle}$$



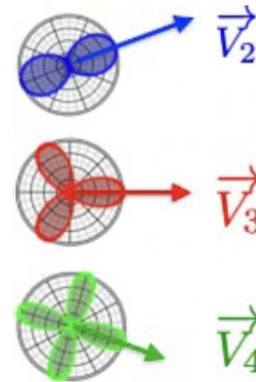
System expansion

$$v_n \propto \varepsilon_n$$



$$\frac{dN}{d\phi} \propto 1 + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} v_n \cos[n(\phi - \Psi_n)]$$

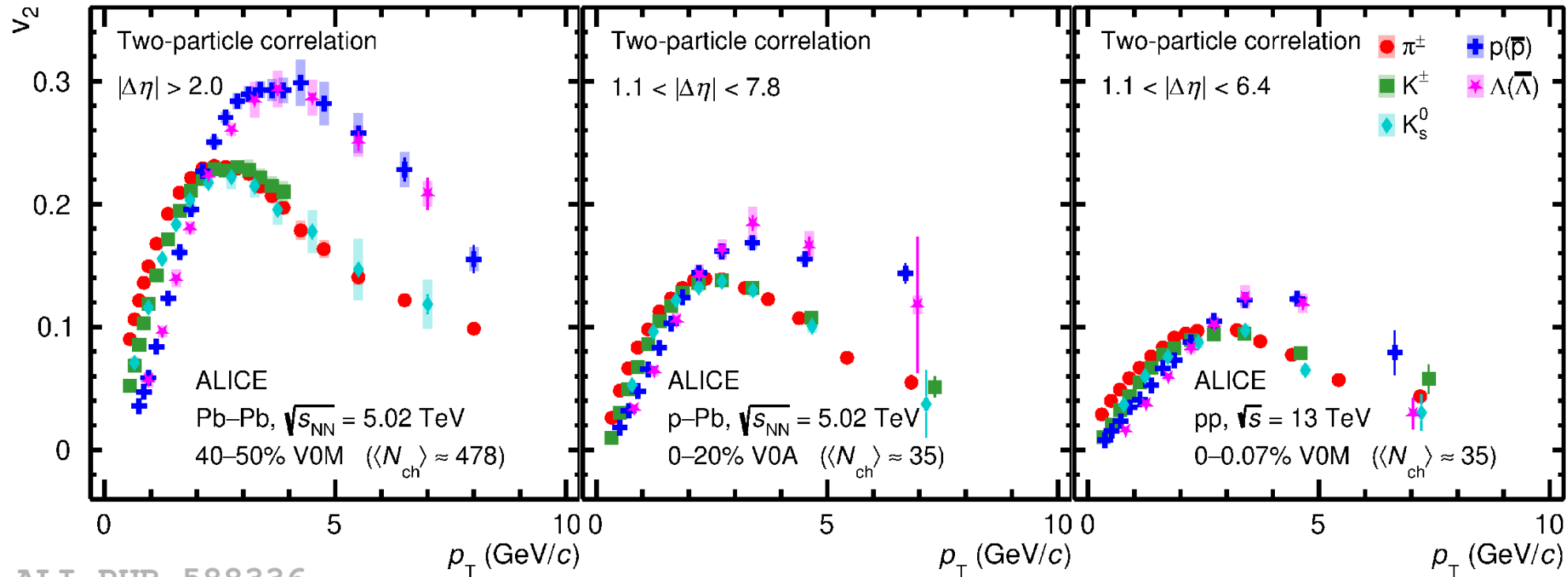
$$\vec{V}_n = v_n e^{in\Psi_n}$$



Anisotropic flow in various collision systems

Collective flow observed in large and small systems

arXiv:2411.09323, accepted by Nature Communications



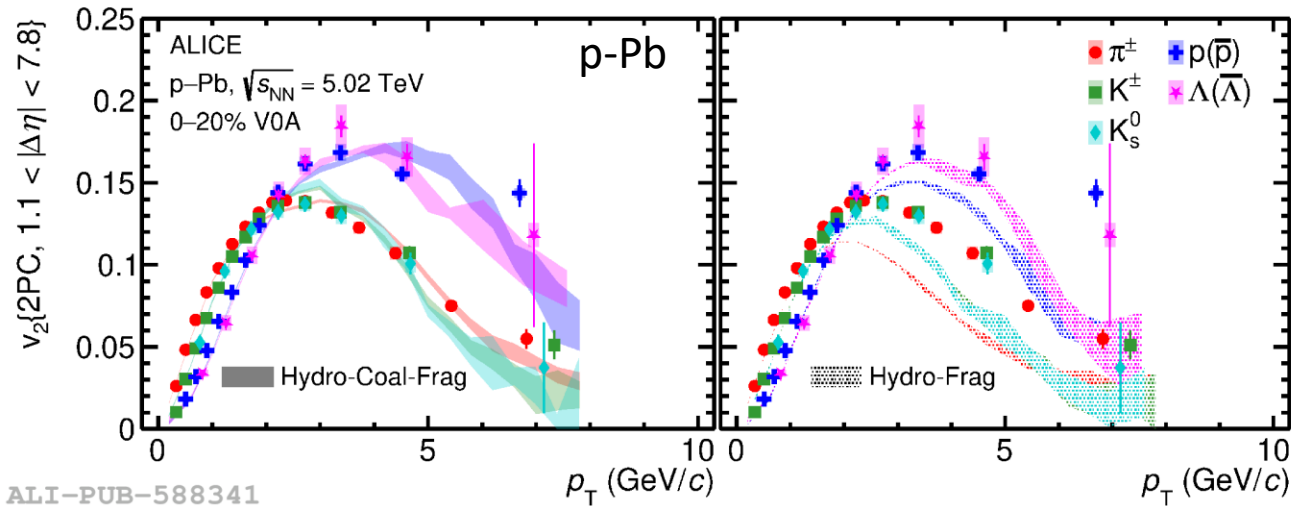
ALI-PUB-588336

- Low p_T : mass ordering
- Intermediate p_T : baryon-meson grouping and splitting

Anisotropic flow in various collision systems

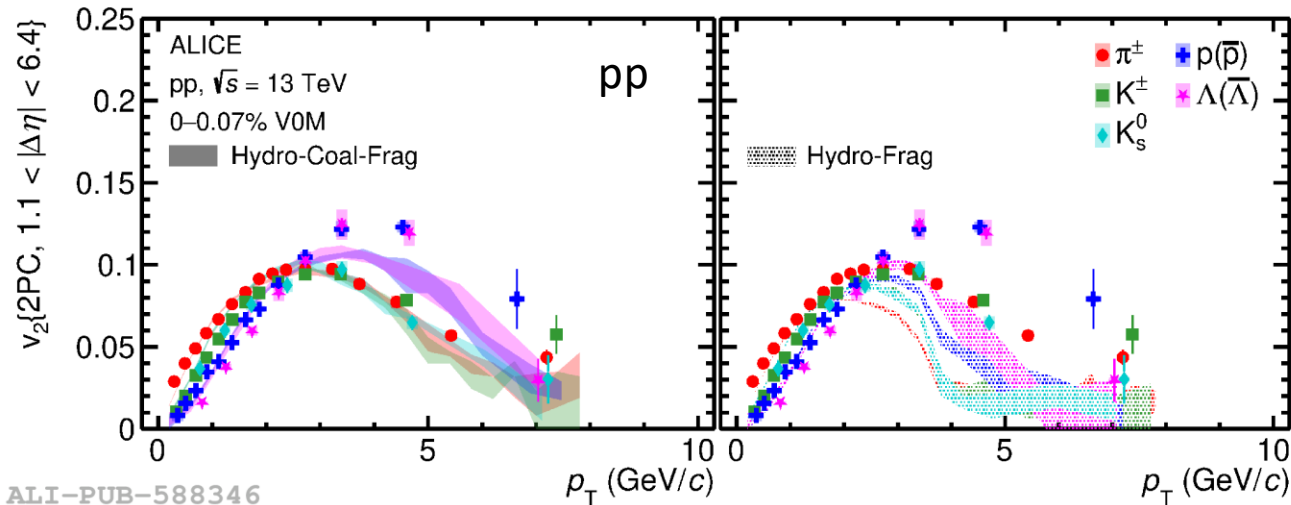
Collective flow observed in large and small systems

arXiv:2411.09323, accepted by Nature Communications



ALI-PUB-588341

→ quark coalescence and partonic collectivity



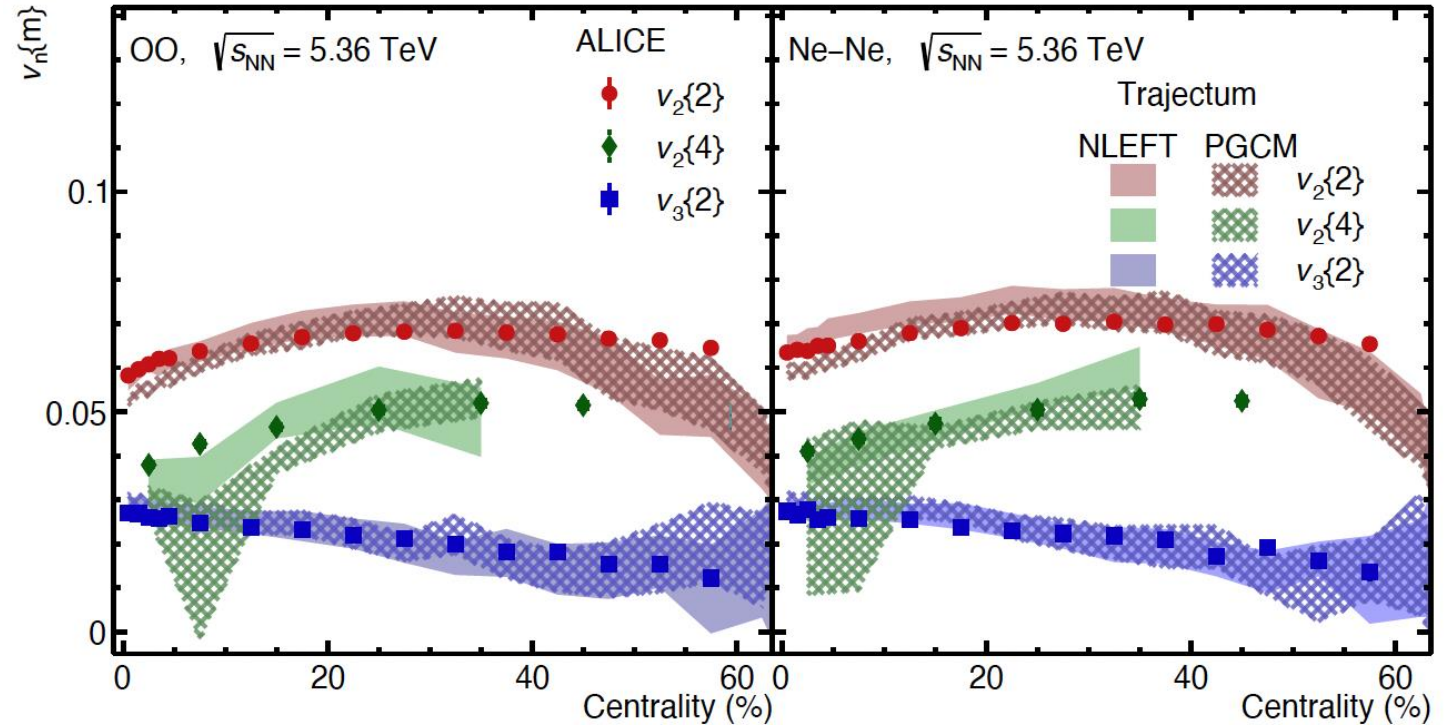
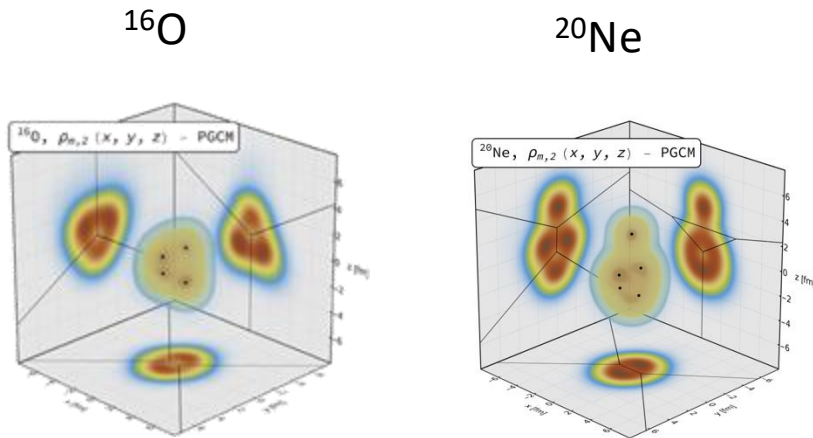
ALI-PUB-588346

What is role of initial state effects on v_2 in low multiplicity collisions?

Anisotropic flow in OO and Ne-Ne collisions

Collective flow measured in OO and Ne-Ne (different internal structure...)

arXiv:2509.06428



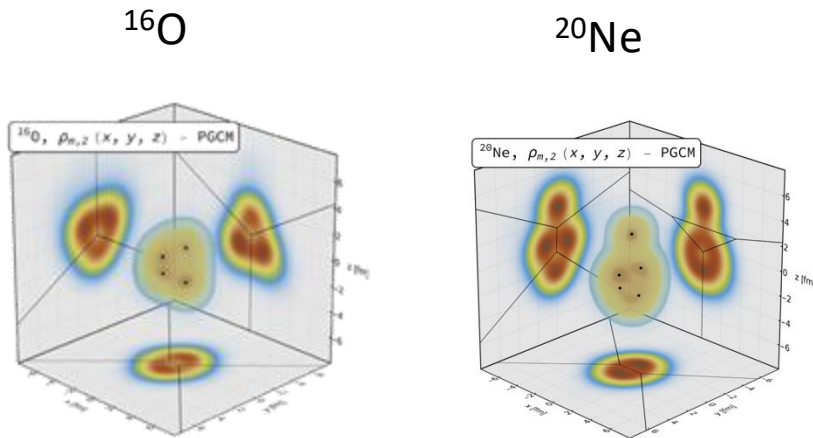
Characteristic centrality dependence similar to Pb-Pb

Measurements in line with expectations from initial state geometry based on nuclear structure models + hydrodynamical evolution

Anisotropic flow in OO and Ne-Ne collisions

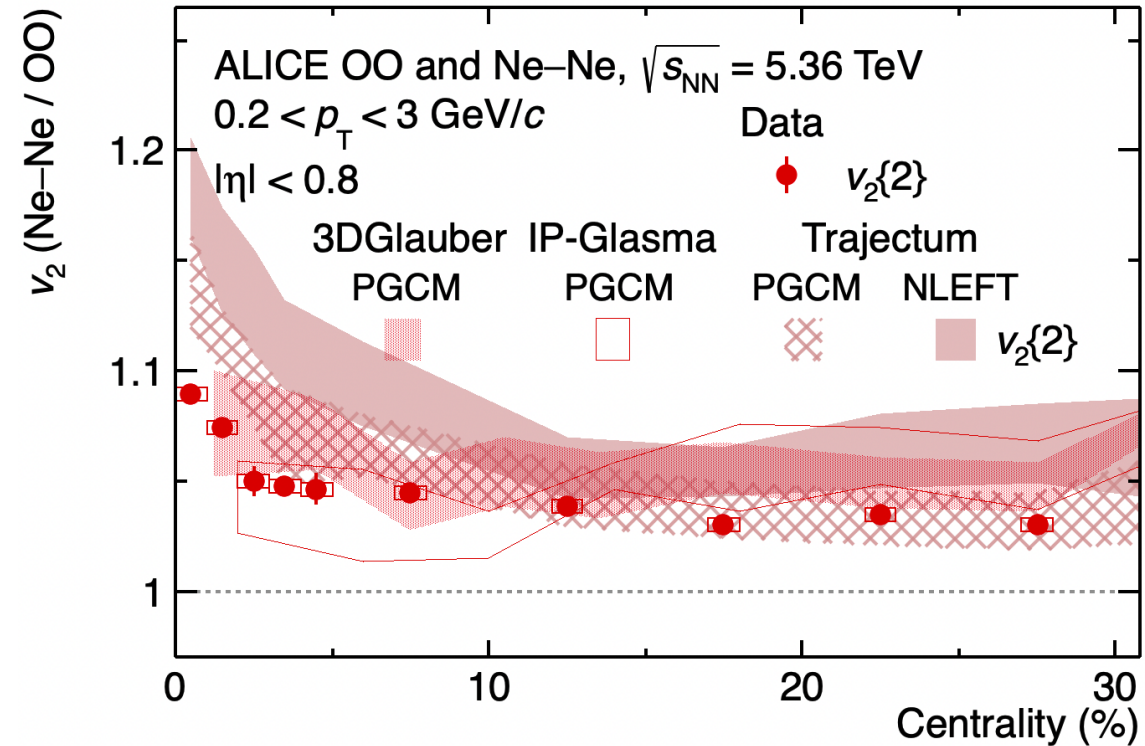
Collective flow measured in OO and Ne-Ne (different internal structure...)

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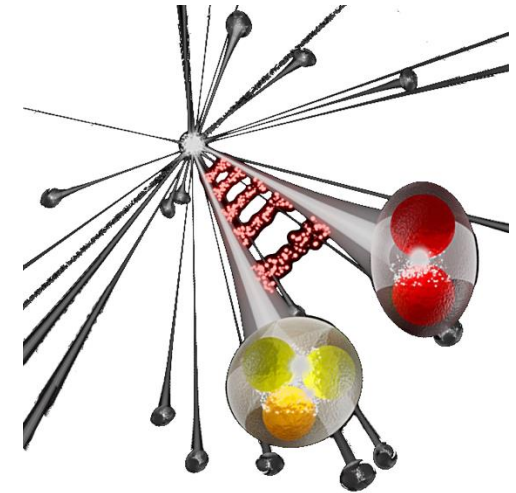
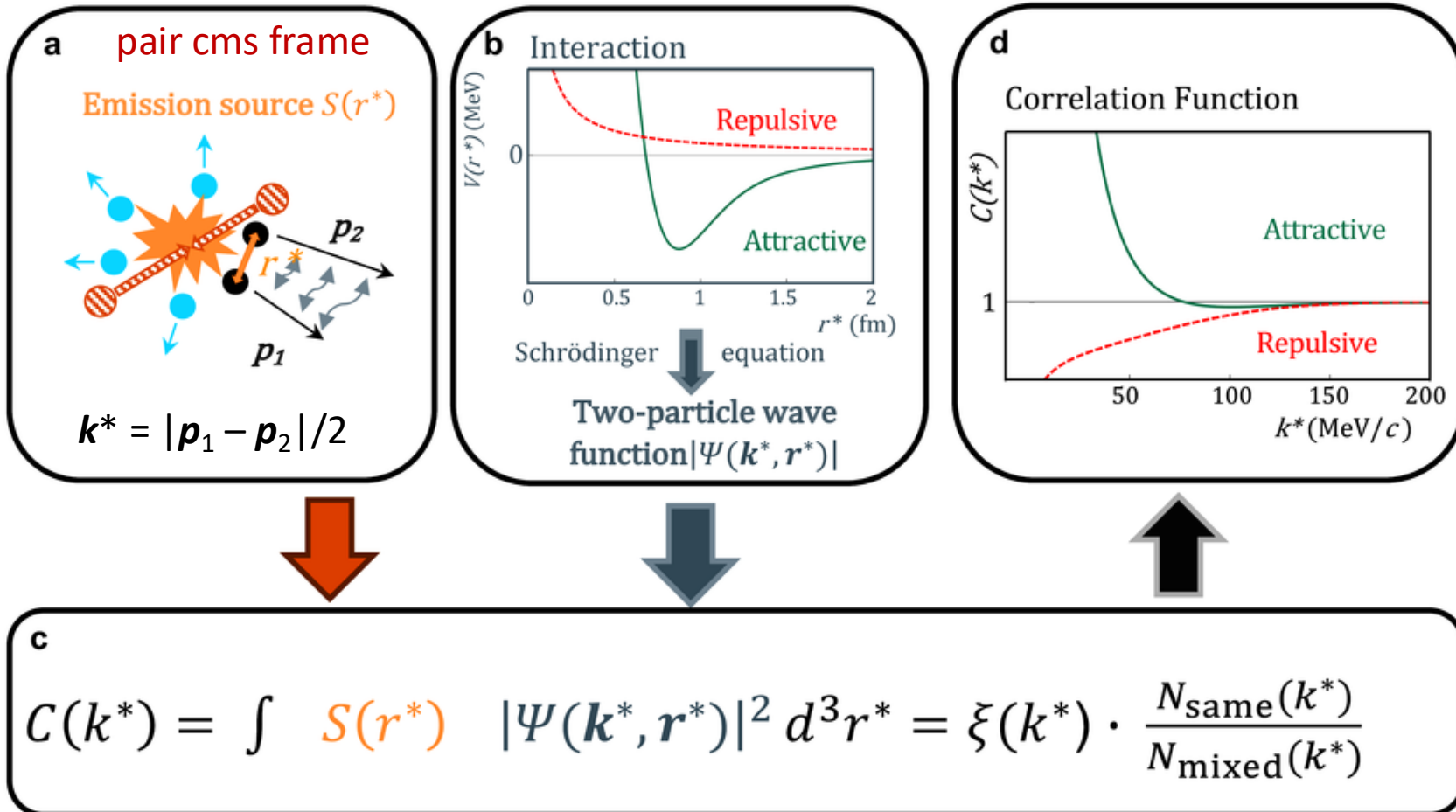


Pronounced enhancement of $v_2(\text{Ne-Ne}/\text{OO})$ in central collisions

→ Probing of early-state dynamics and substructure of nuclei



Femtoscopic correlations to study hadron interactions



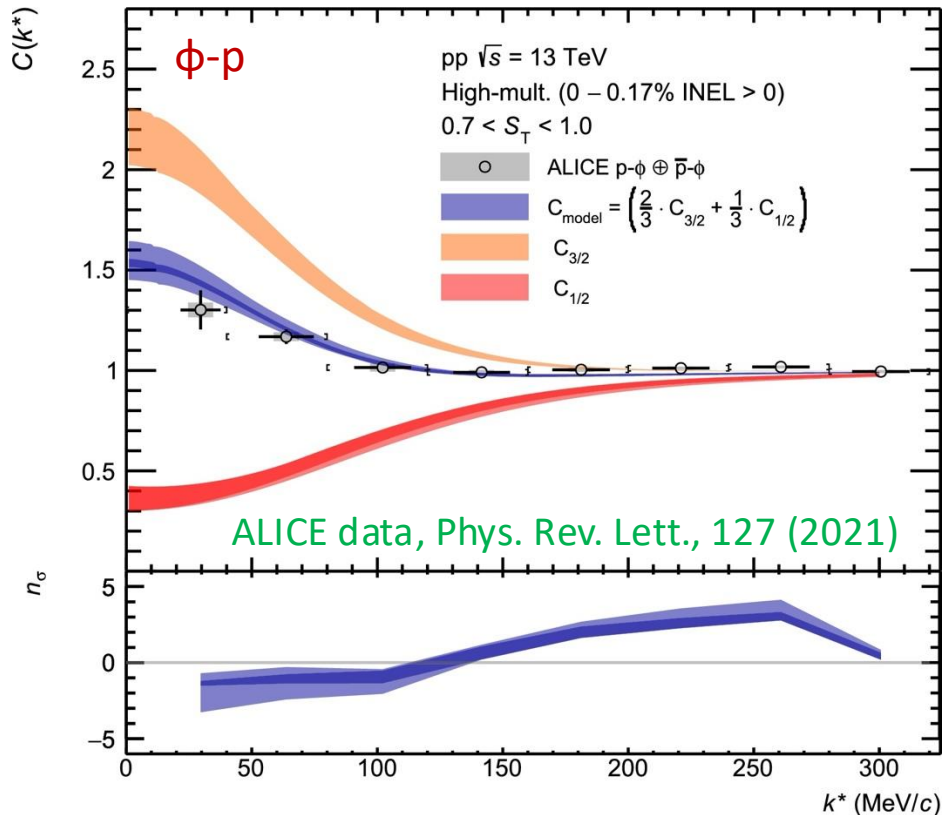
M. Lisa, S. Pratt et al., ARNPS 55 (2005), 357-402
L. Fabbietti et al., ARNPS 71 (2021), 377-402
D. Mihaylov et al., EPJC 78 (2018), 5, 394

Origin of correlations: quantum interference, resonances, conservation laws or final-state interactions
Final-state interactions dominate at small k^*

Vector meson – baryon interactions

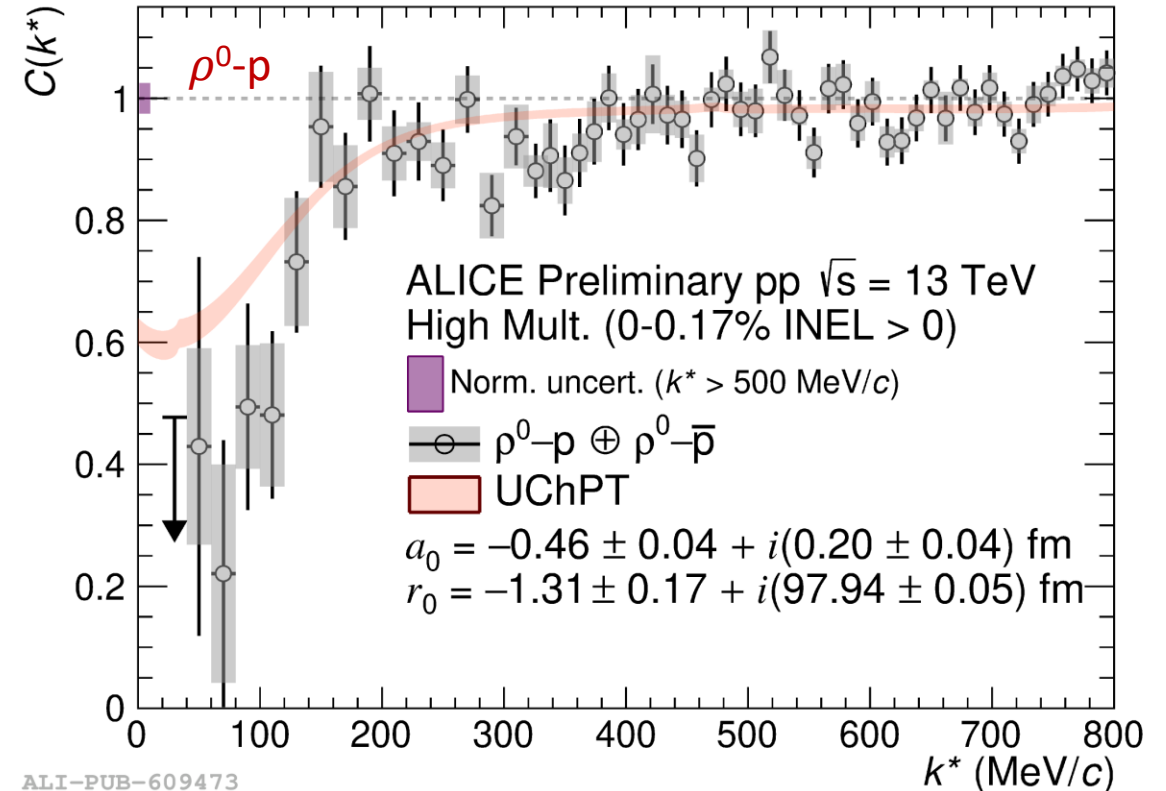
Foundation for chiral symmetry restoration searches

arXiv:2508.09867



ϕ -p bound state with $B = 12.8 - 56.1$ MeV
from theoretical analysis

E. Chizzali et al. Phys. Lett. B (2024) 138358

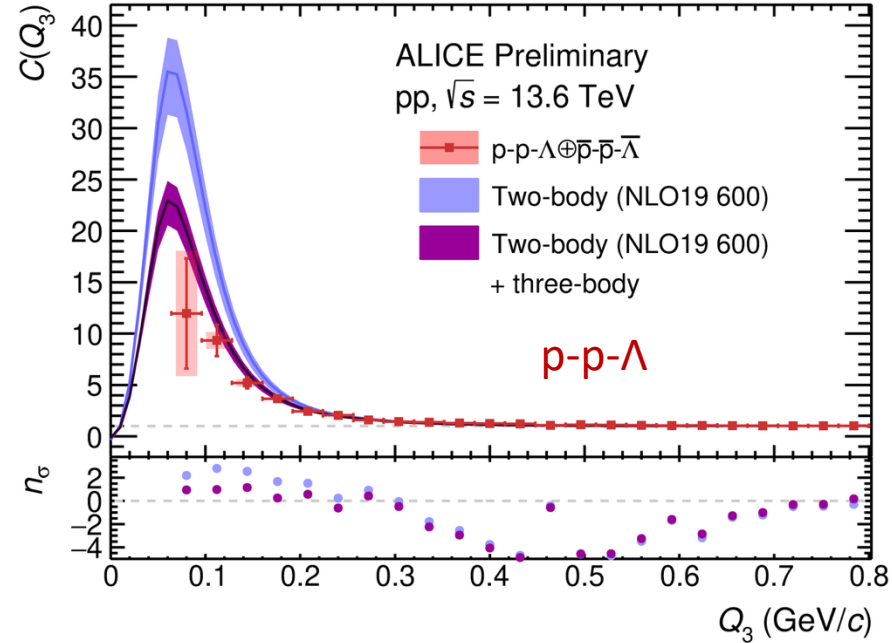
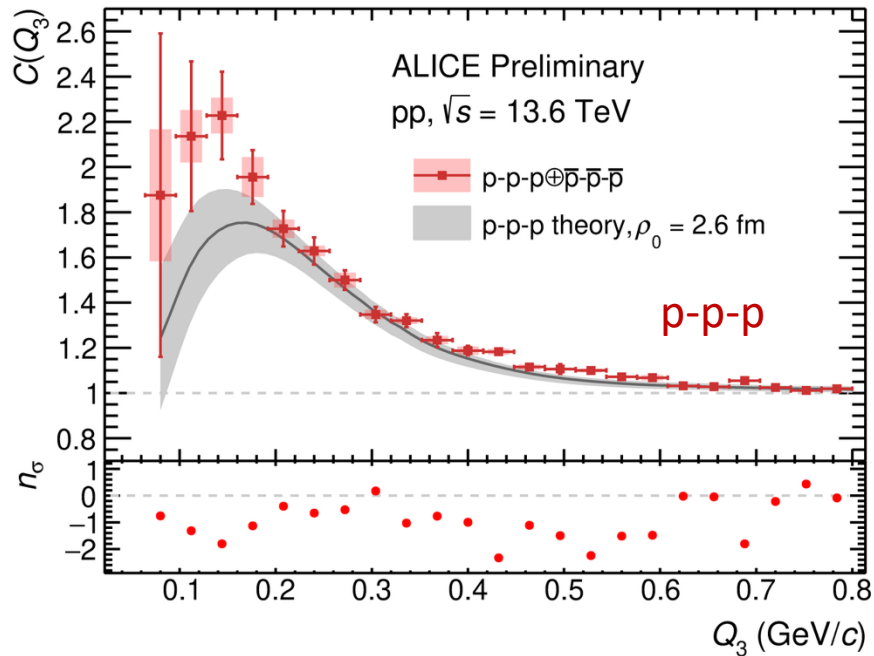
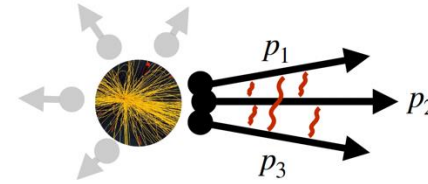


First observation of the ρ^0 -p strong interaction for $k^* < 200$ MeV/c
Data analyzed within χ EFT using a coupled-channel approach

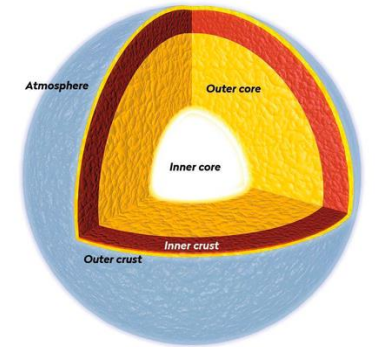
Femtoscscopy correlations for many-body interactions

$$C(Q_3) = \int \rho^5 d\rho d\Omega_\rho S(\rho, \rho_0) \left| \Psi(\rho, Q_3) \right|^2$$

hyperradius



Neutron Stars EoS & hyperons ($M_{NS} > 2 M_\odot$)?



Measured p-p-p correlations described by full three body calculations

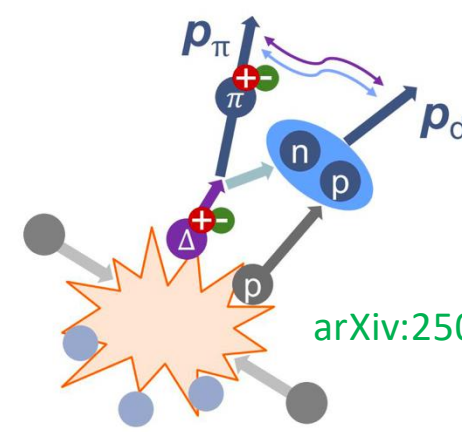
A. Kievsky et al., Phys.Rev.C 109 (2024) 3, 034006

First observation of repulsive three-body p-p- Λ interactions

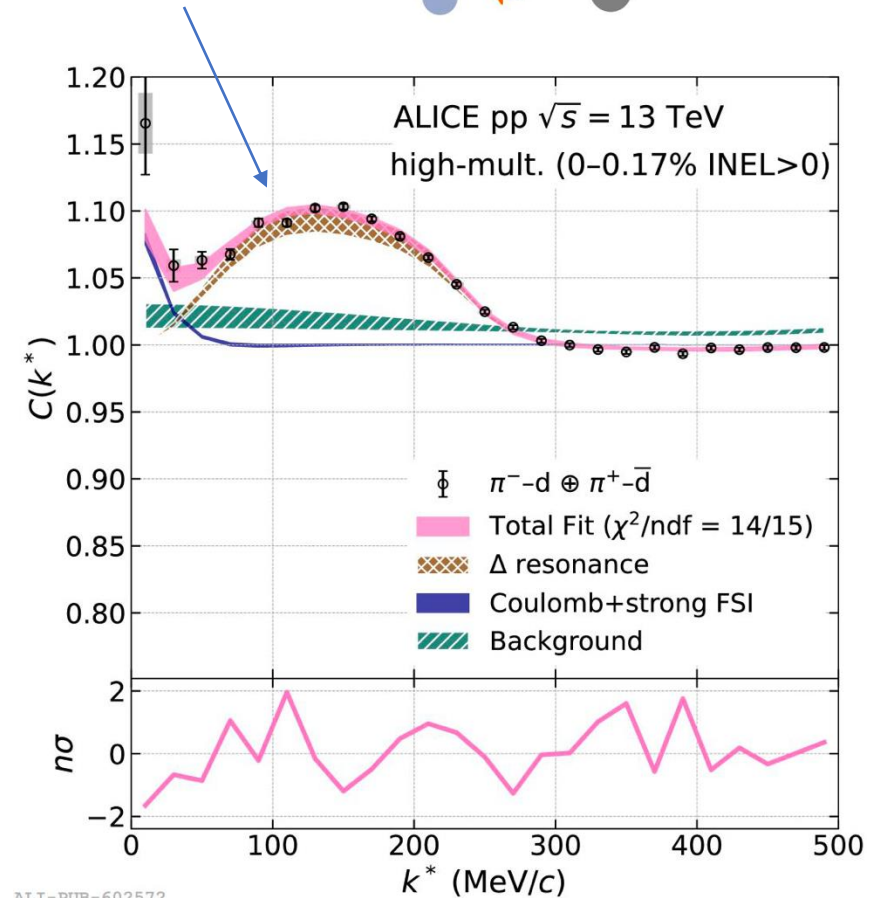
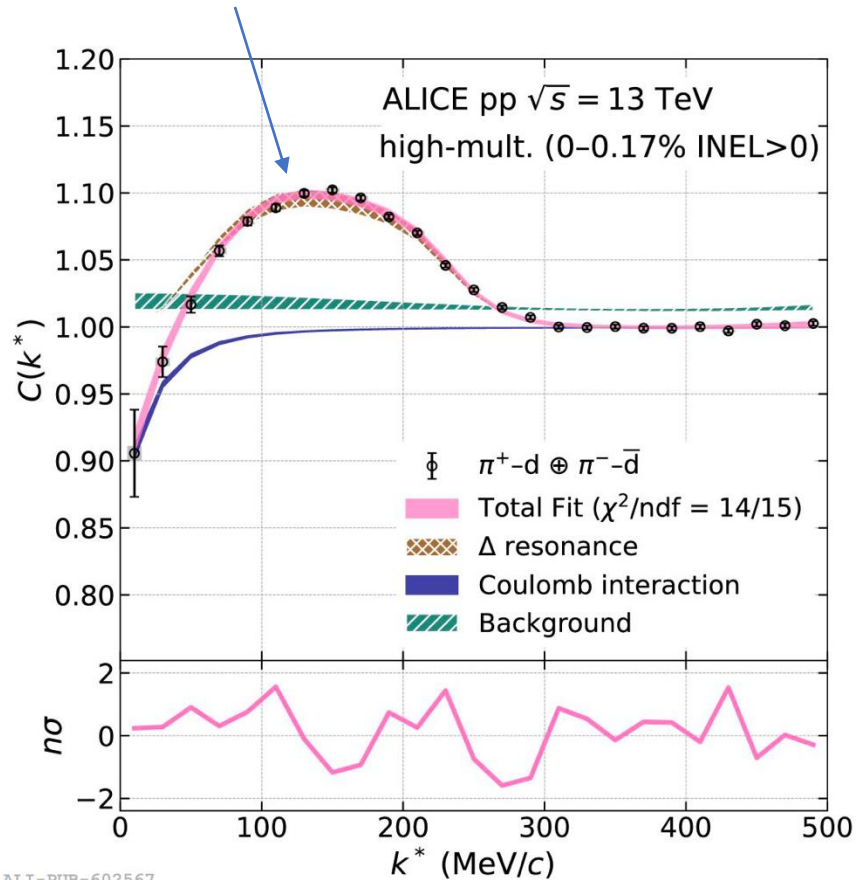
E. Garrido et al., Phys.Rev.C 110 (2024) 5, 054004

Pion-deuteron femtoscopy

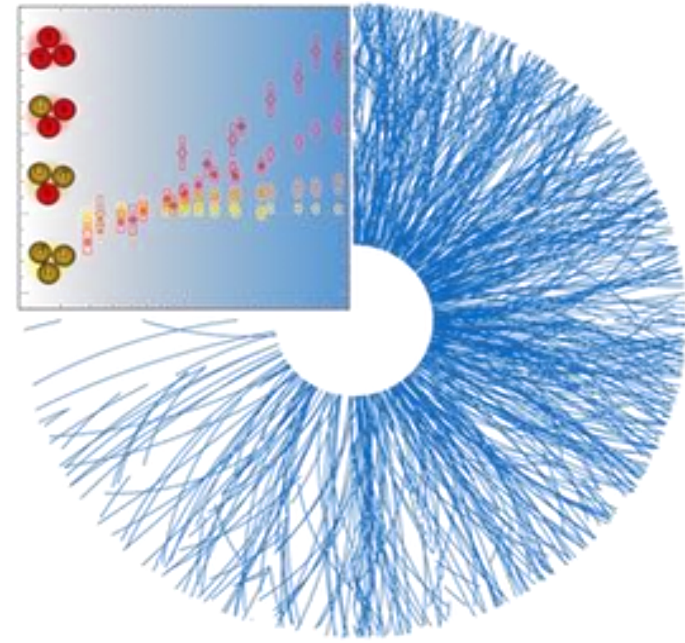
Addressing production of light (anti)nuclei and deuterons
Enhancement caused by Δ decay inherited during fusion process!



arXiv:2504.02393, Nature in press.



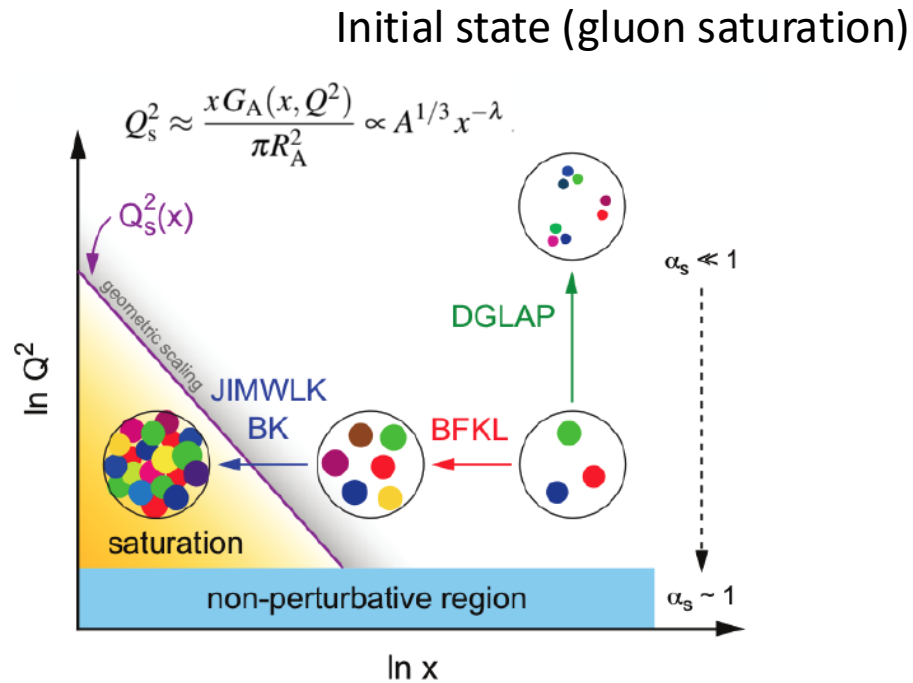
~80% of the observed deuterons are produced via resonance-mediated channels



Heavy flavors and quarkonia

Heavy flavors and quarkonia

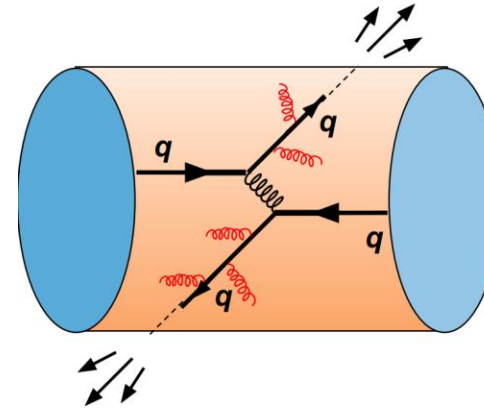
Hard probes of QGP!



L. McLerran, R. Venugopalan,
Phys. Rev. D 49 (1994) 2233

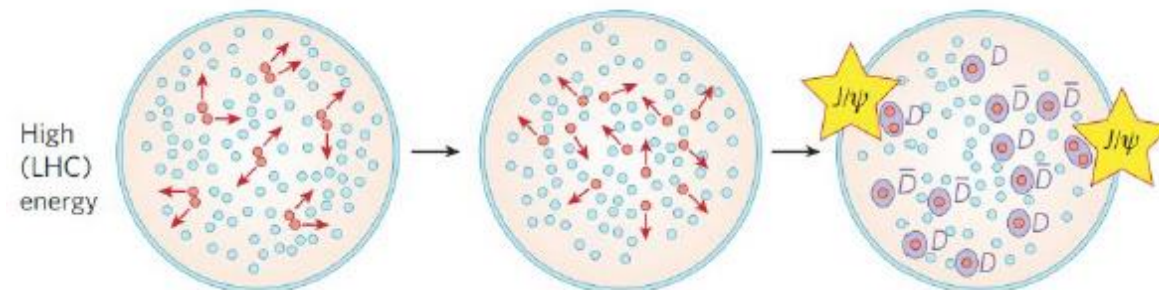
Parton energy loss in QGP

$$\Delta E_g > \Delta E_q > \Delta E_Q$$



Yu. L. Dokshitzer et al., J. Phys. G: Nucl.
Part. Phys. 17 (1991) 1602

Color screening vs regeneration



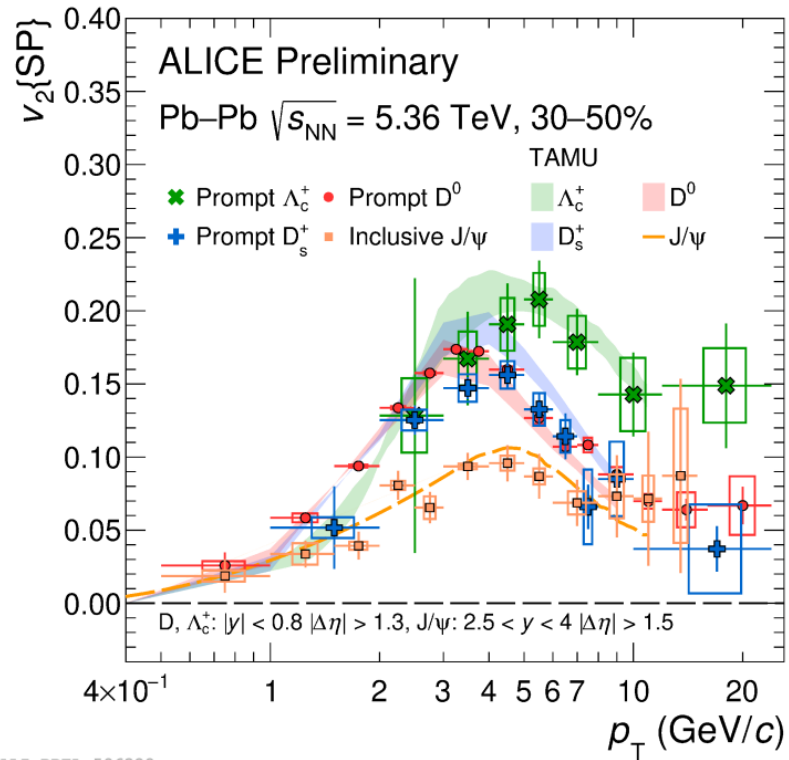
T. Matsui & H. Satz, Phys. Lett. B178 (1986) 416

P. Braun-Munzinger & J Stachel, Phys.Lett. B490 (2000) 196

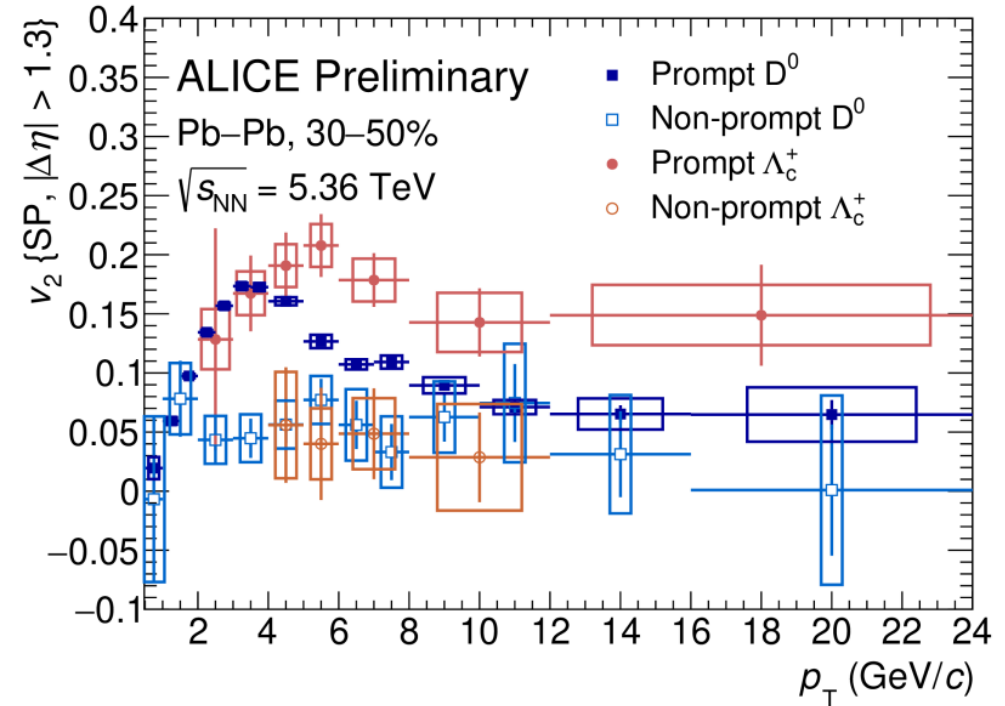
R Thews et al., Phys. Rev. C 63:054905

Flow of charm and beauty quarks in Pb-Pb

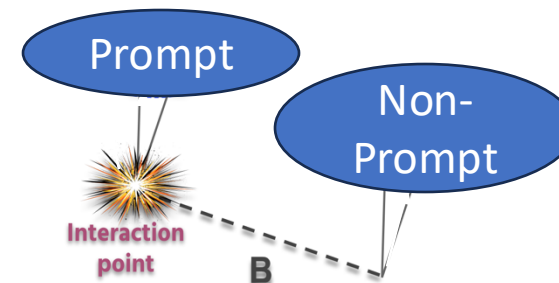
ALICE Run 3 measurements



ALI-PREL-596328



ALI-PREL-596368



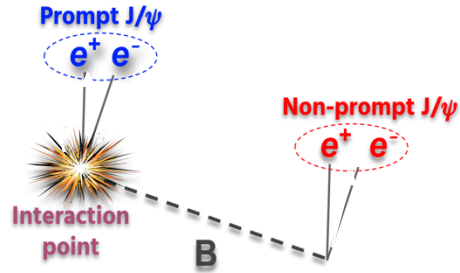
- ❑ First charm baryon v_2 measurement
- ❑ Charm baryon-meson splitting
- ❑ Stronger degree of equilibration for c than b quarks
- ❑ TAMU transport model describes data

Prompt and non-prompt J/ψ production

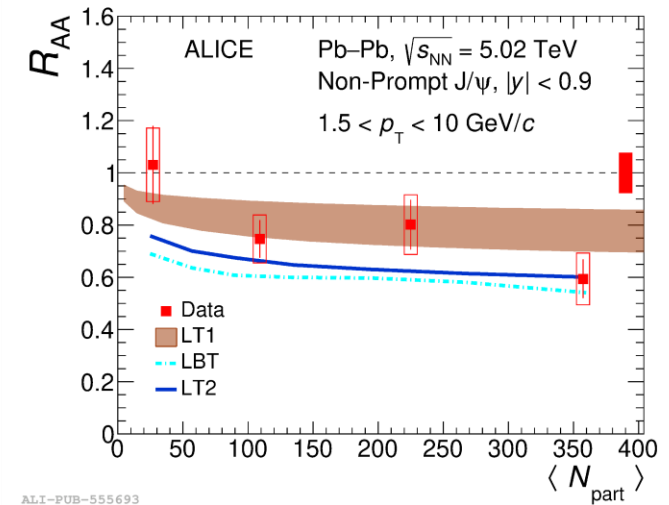
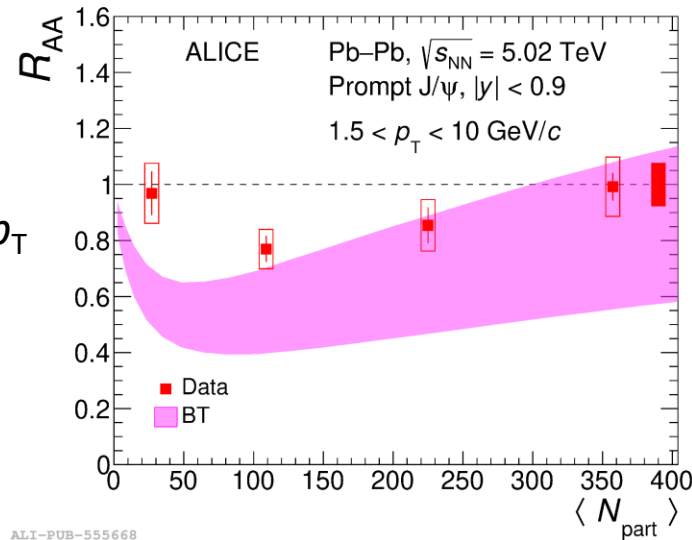
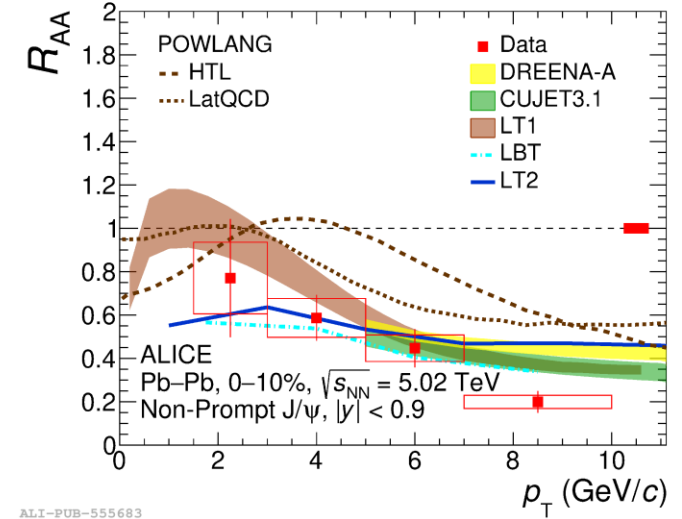
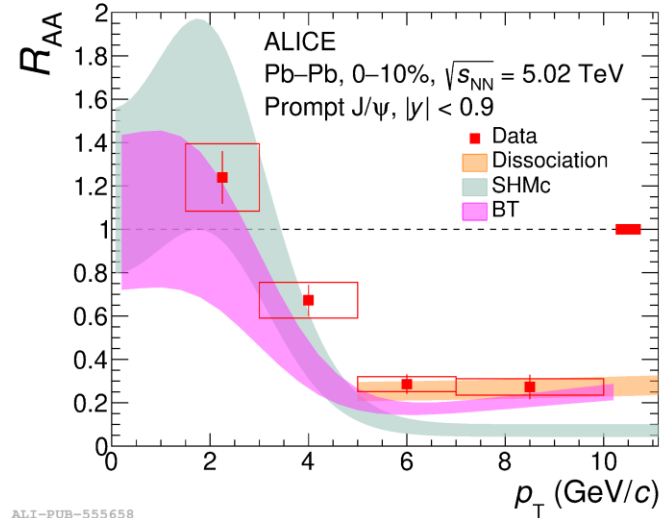
JHEP 02 (2024) 066

Parton energy loss, dissociation vs regeneration

$$R_{AA} = \frac{d^2 N_{AA}}{dp_T dy} / \frac{d^2 N_{pp}}{\langle N_{coll} \rangle dp_T dy}$$

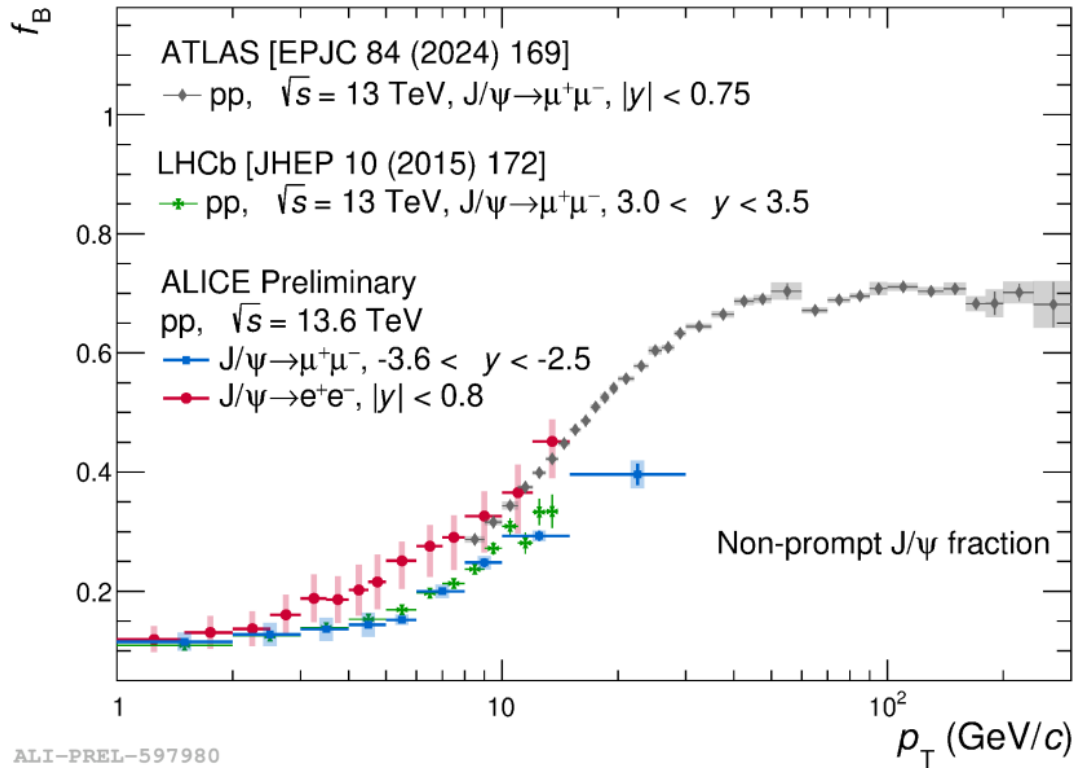


- Sign of prompt J/ψ (re)generation in central collisions
- Prompt J/ψ R_{AA} described by models including quarkonium dissociation (regeneration) at high (low) p_T
- Non-prompt J/ψ described by LT1 transport model

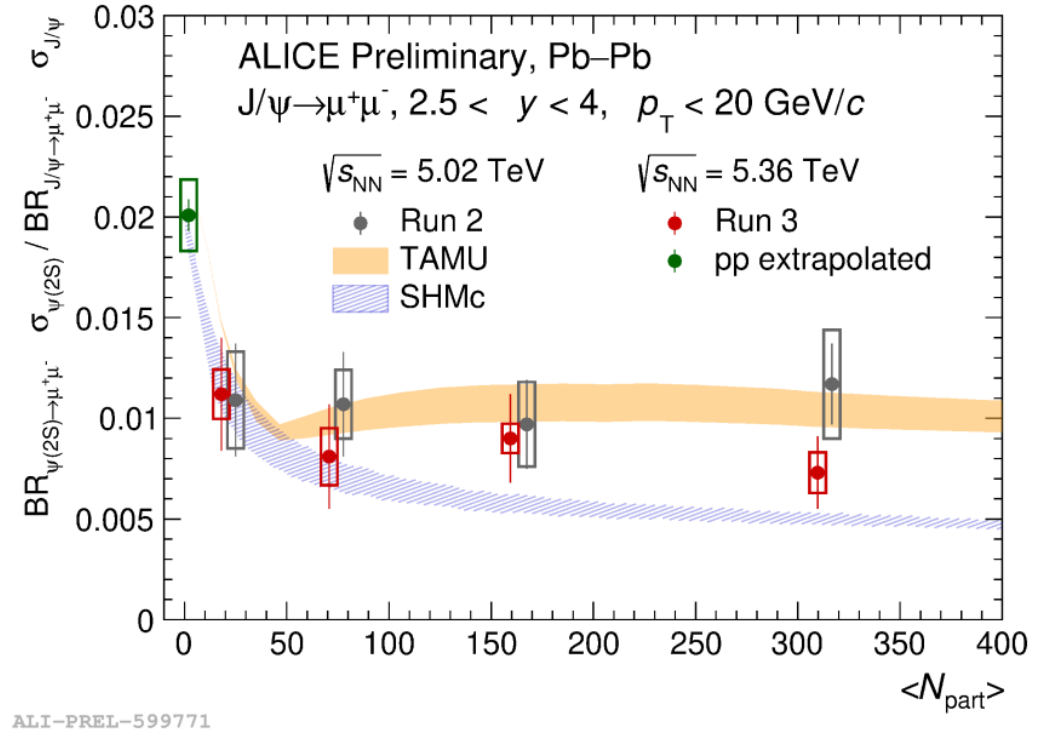


J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ measurements at forward rapidity

ALICE Run 3 measurements

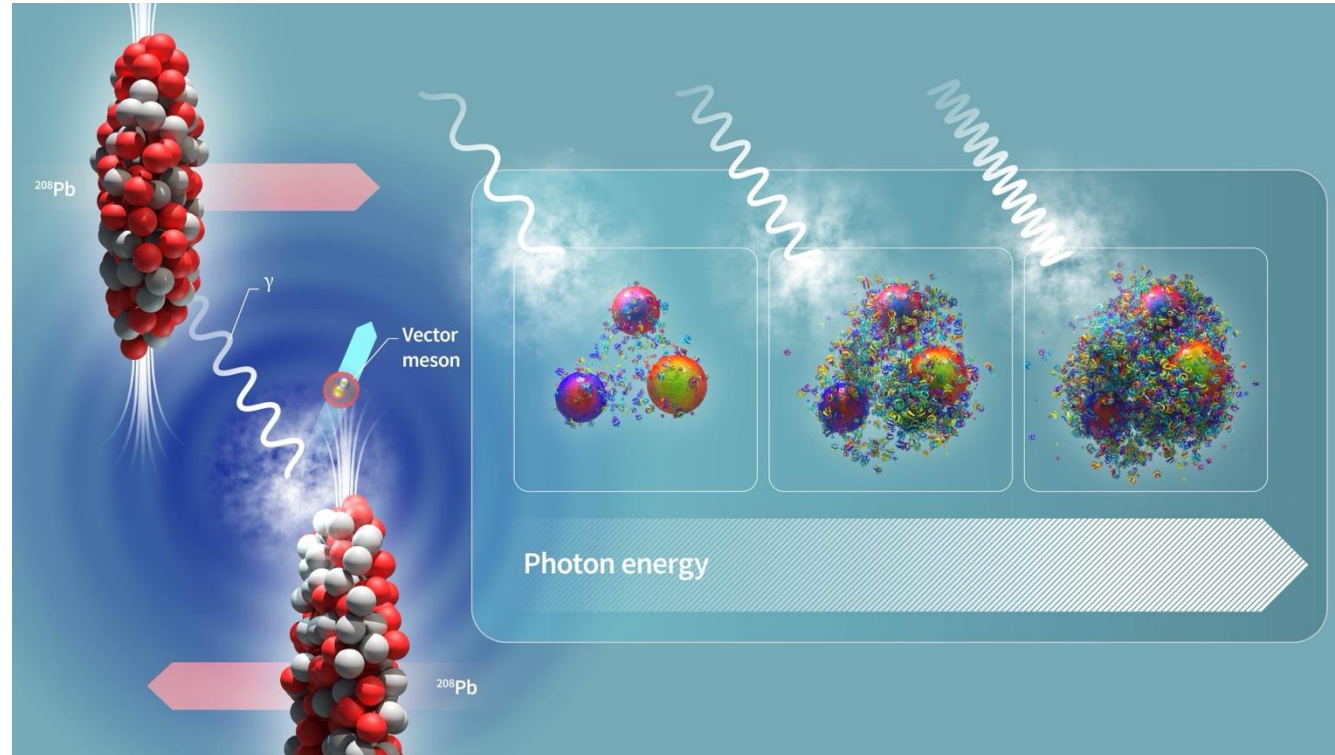


ALICE first non-prompt J/ψ measurement at forward rapidity down to low p_T with MFT detector



Precise $\psi(2S) / J/\psi$ suppression measurements at forward rapidity

Ultrapерipheral Collisions (UPC)

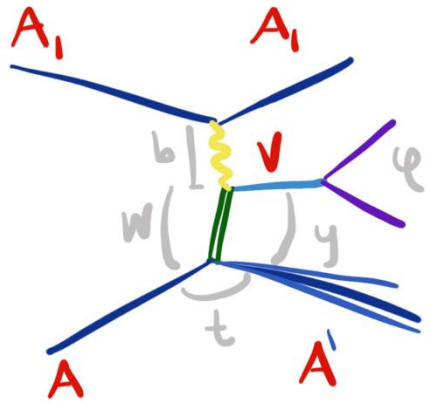


D. Dominguez/CERN-GRAPHICS-2023-008-1

Evidence of J/ψ suppression in UPC

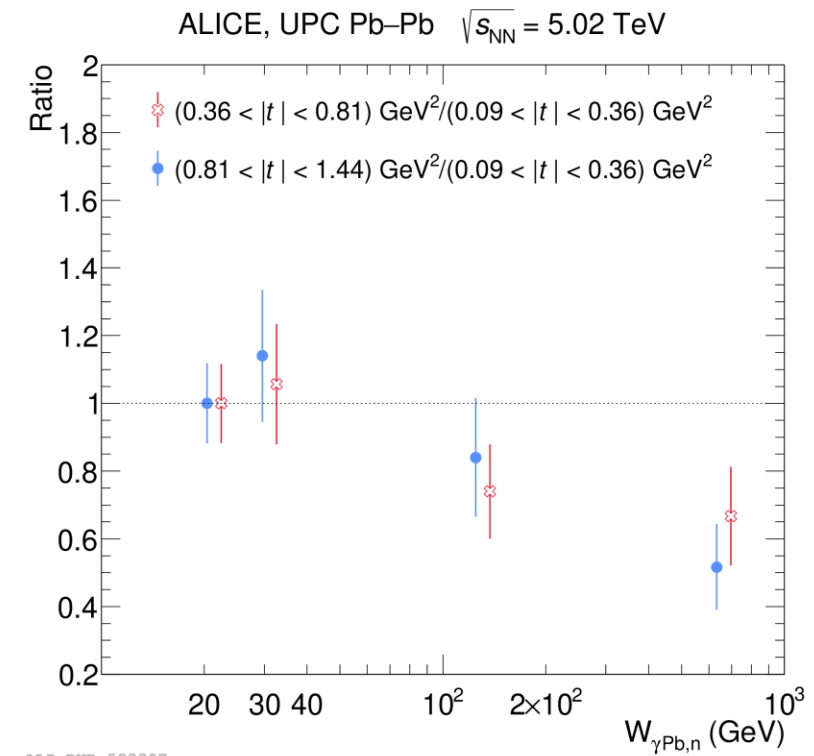
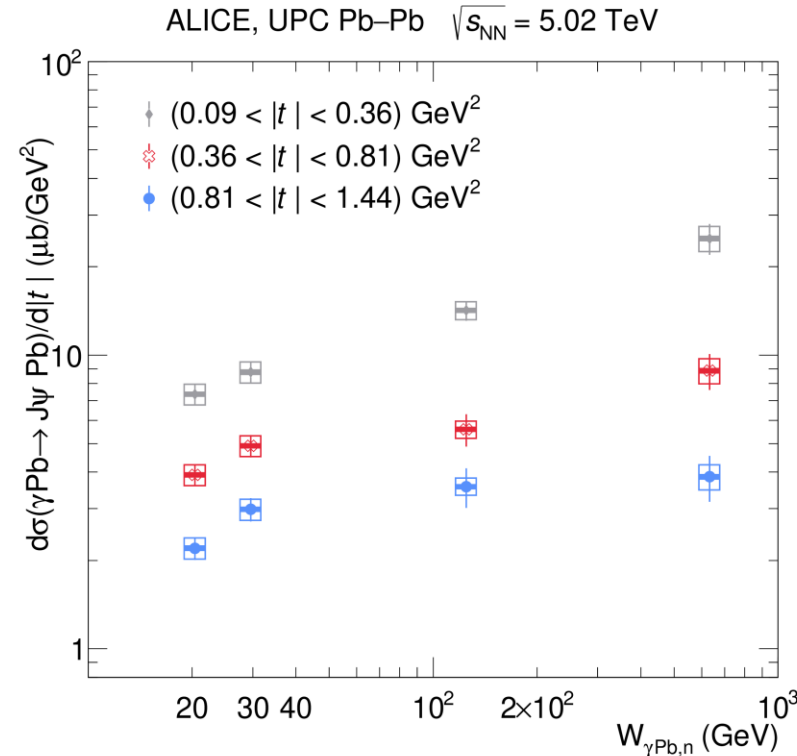
Incoherent J/ψ photonuclear cross section measured for the first time vs $W_{\gamma Pb,n}$ and $|t|$

arXiv:2503.18708



$$(W_{\gamma Pb,n})^2 = m\sqrt{s_{NN}} \exp(-y)$$

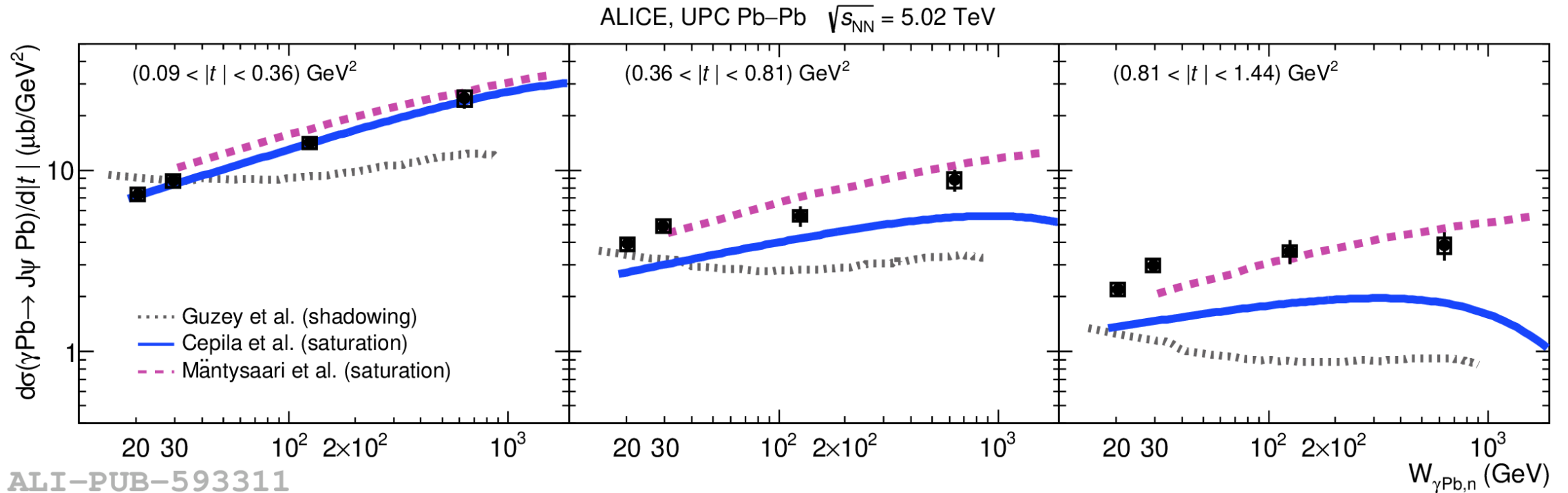
$$|t| = p_T^2$$



Suppression visible at large energy with increasing $|t|$ and $W_{\gamma Pb,n}$ (smaller Bjorken - x)

Evidence of J/ψ suppression in UPC

arXiv:2503.18708

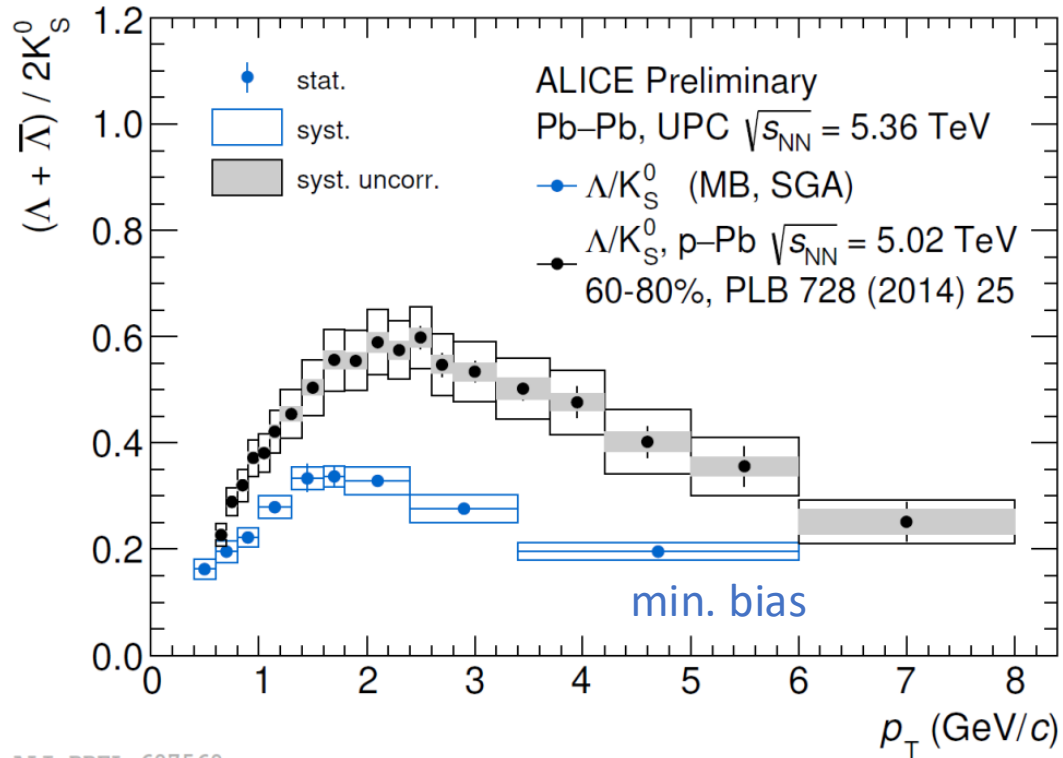


ALI-PUB-593311

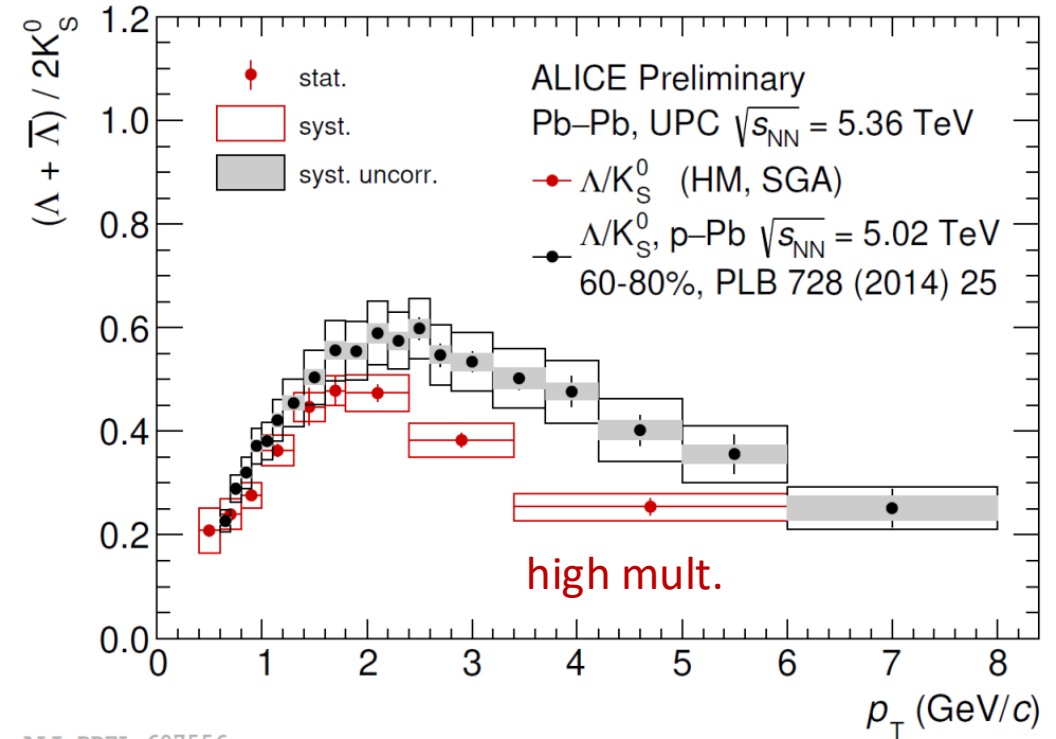
Glue saturation models predict similar pattern

Strangeness and collectivity

ALICE Run 3 measurements



ALI-PREL-607560

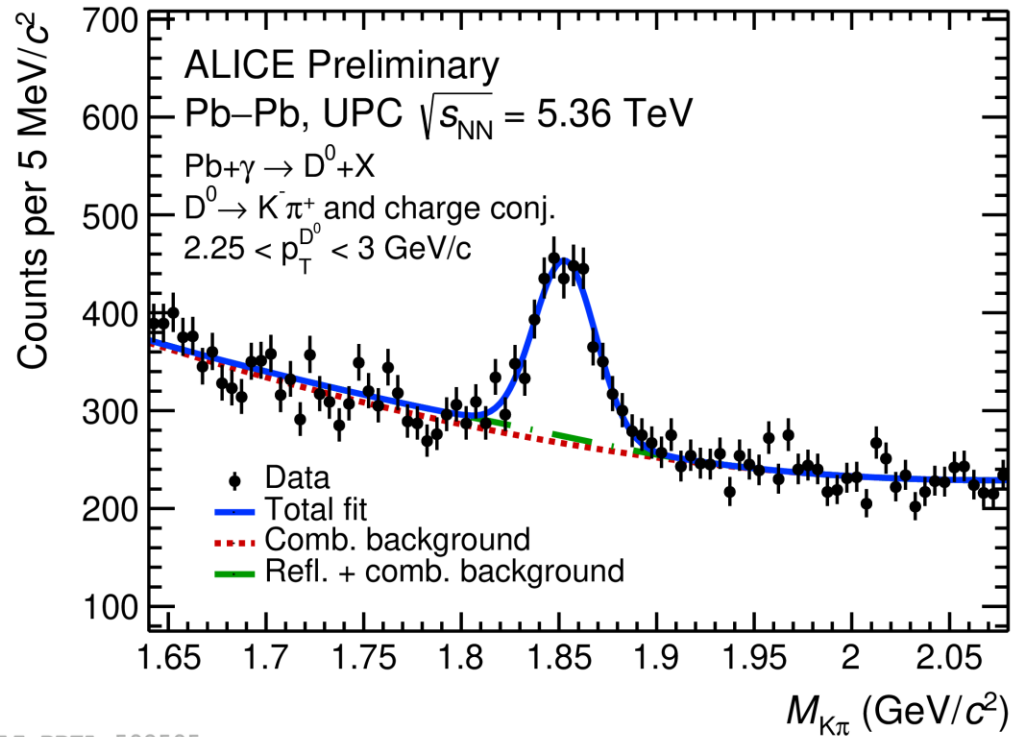


ALI-PREL-607556

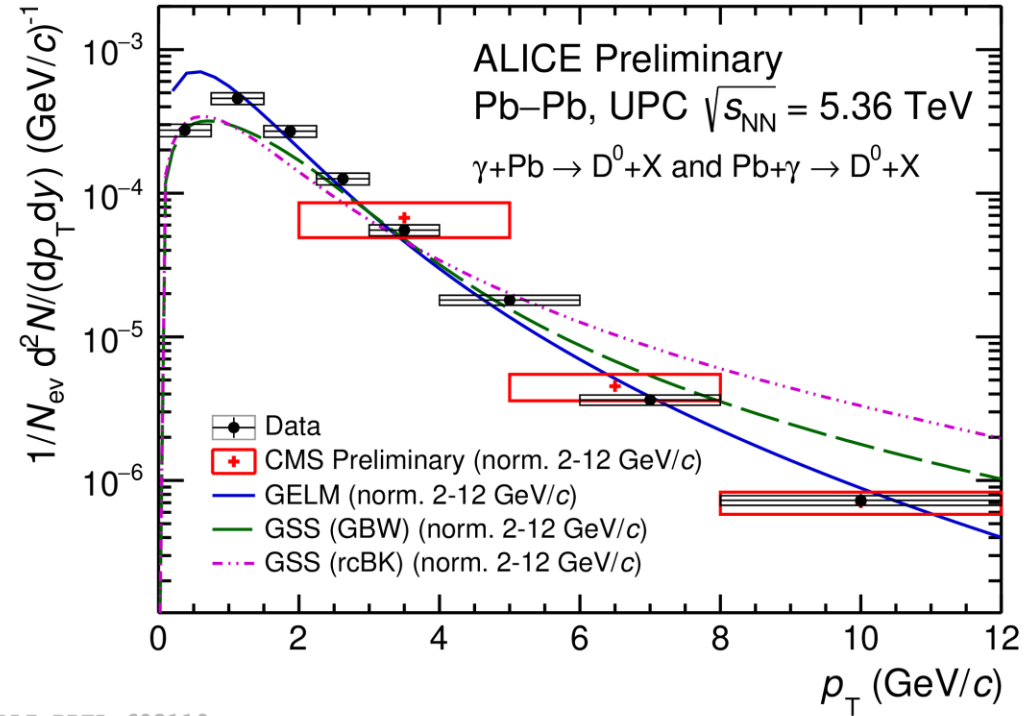
- Λ/K shows similar trend in γ -Pb and p-Pb collisions (baryon/meson enhancement at intermediate p_T)
- Consistent results for high multiplicity γ -Pb events
- γ -Pb collisions ruled mainly by Vector Meson Dominance model (effectively meson-Pb interaction)

D⁰ production in UPC

ALICE Run 3 measurements

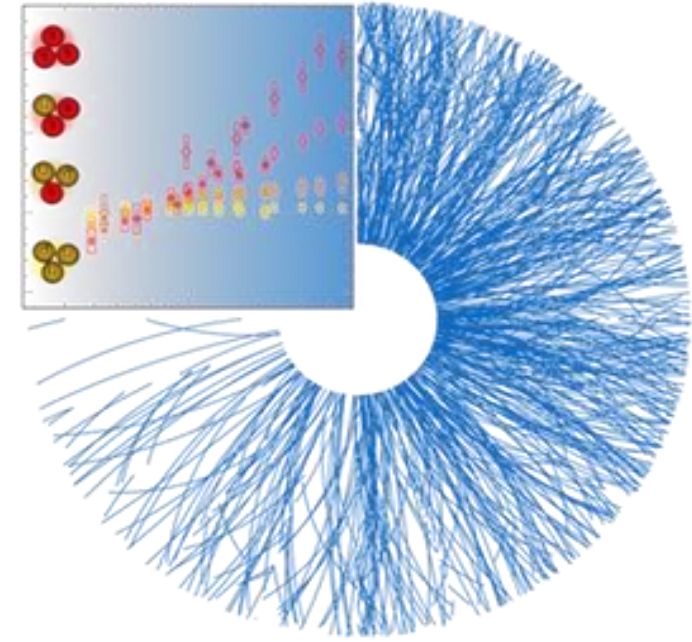


ALI-PREL-598595



ALI-PREL-603110

- Measuring charm hadrons gives access to gluon PDF down to Bjorken- $x < 10^{-4}$
- Several charm production channels to explore



ALICE upgrade plans

ALICE Upgrades

2026-2029

2030-2034

2034-2035

2036 -

Run 3

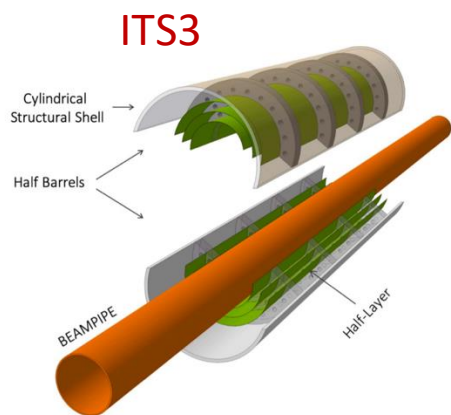
LS3

Run 4

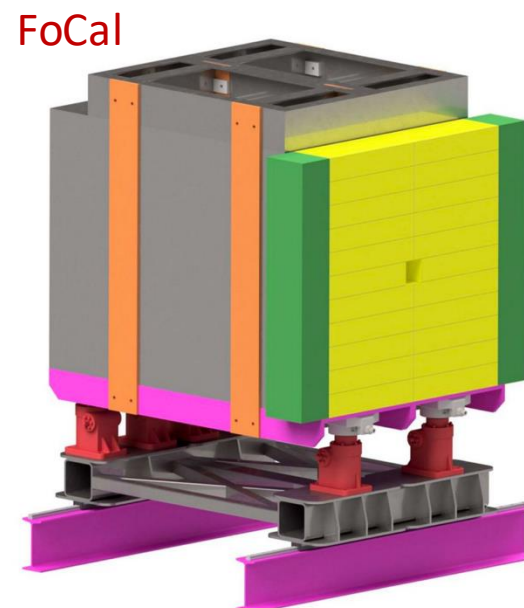
LS4

Run 5

LS3: Inner Tracking System 3 (ITS3) & Forward Calorimeter (FoCal)

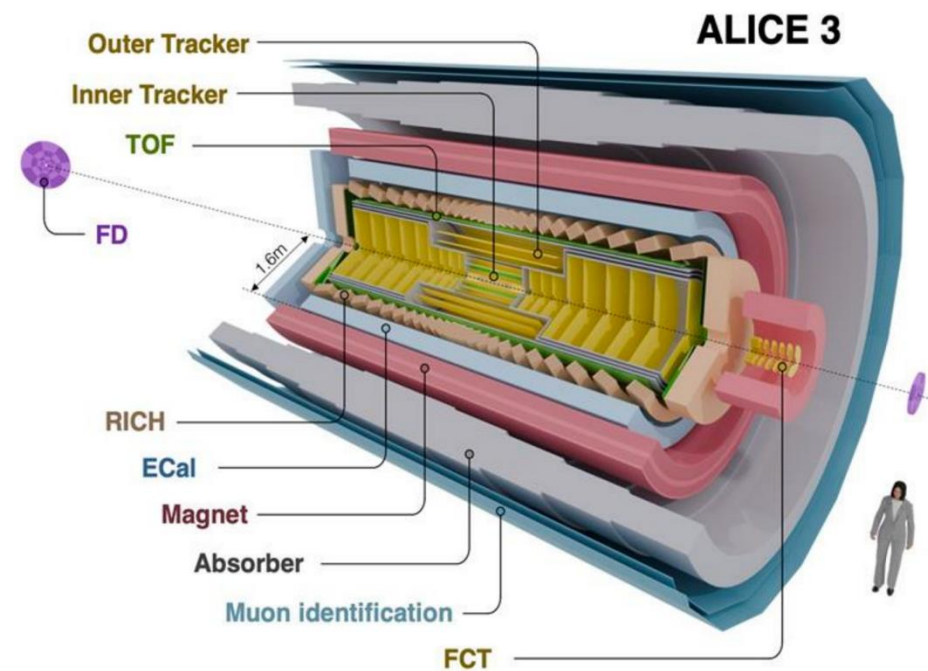


TDR: [CERN-LHCC-2024-003](#)



TDR: [CERN-LHCC-2024-004](#)

LS4: New heavy-ion detector (ALICE 3)

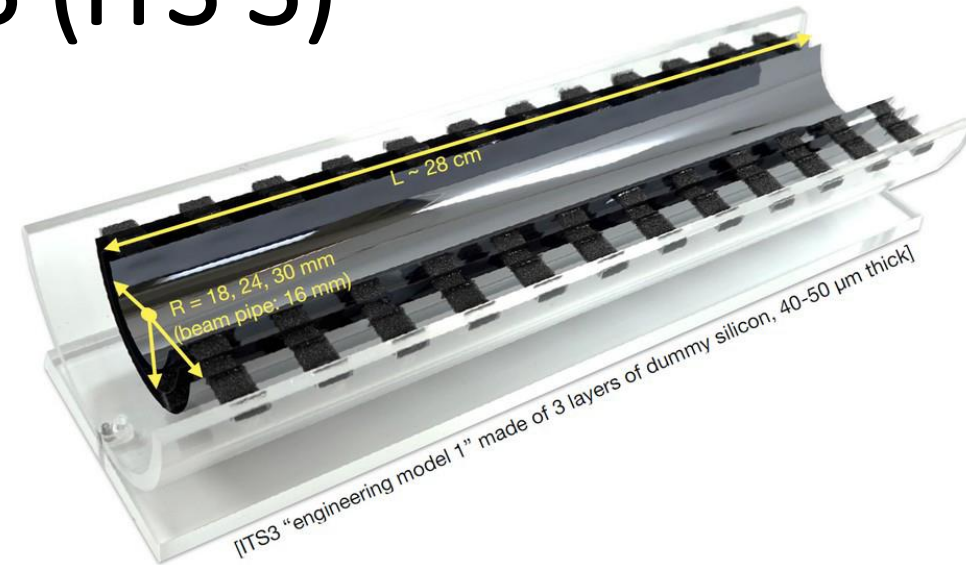
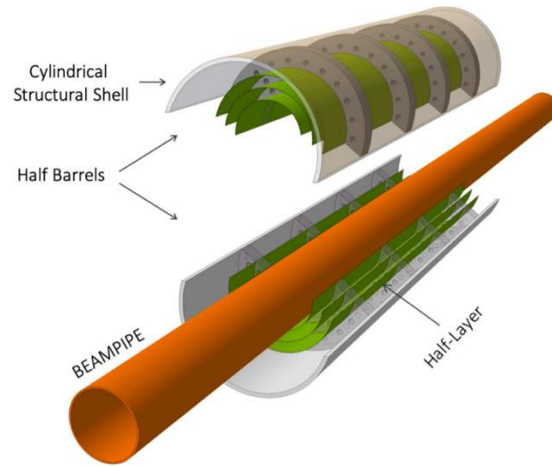


ALICE3 LoI: [CERN-LHCC-2022-009](#)

Scoping document: [CERN-LHCC-2025-002](#)

Ongoing R&D

Inner Tracking System 3 (ITS 3)



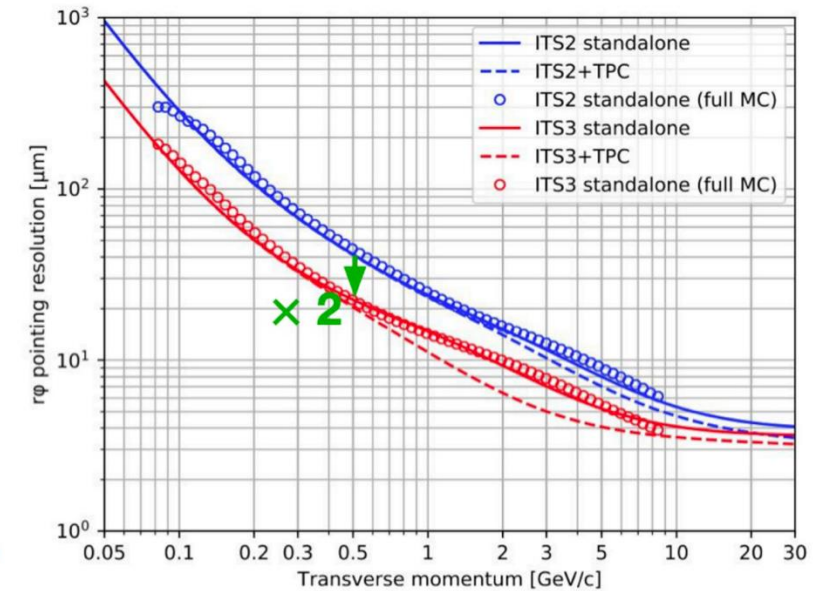
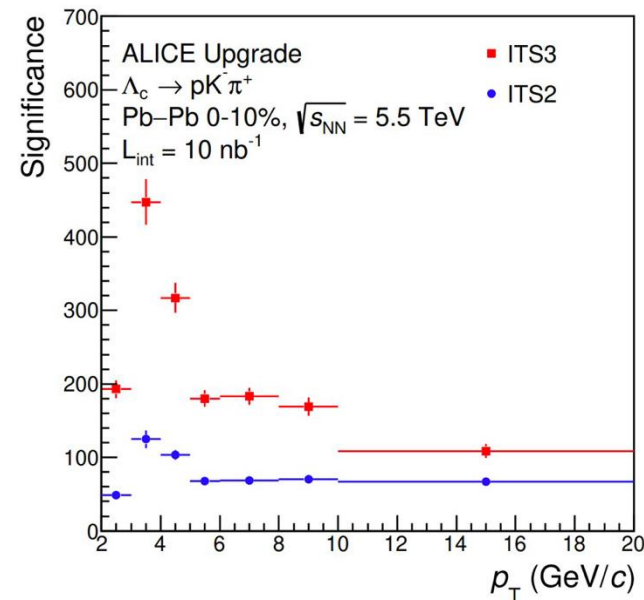
- ❑ Truly cylindrical (silicon sensor bending)
- ❑ 65 nm MAPS sensors in CMOS technology

Main physics motivation

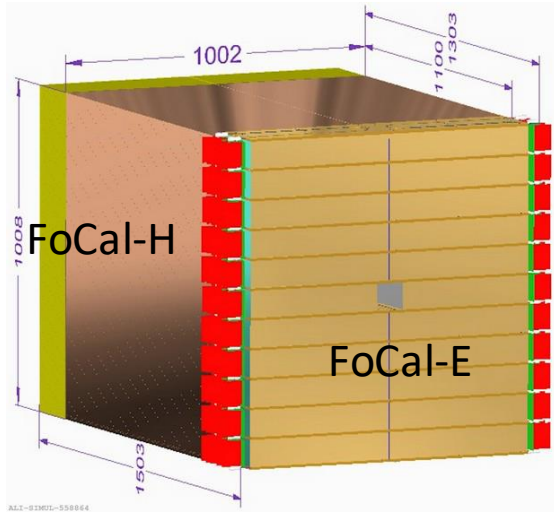
- ❑ Improve performance for heavy flavour and dielectron measurements

Lol: [CERN-LHCC-2019-018](https://cds.cern.ch/record/2688111/files/CERN-LHCC-2019-018)

Physics performance: [ALICE-PUBLIC-2023-002](https://cds.cern.ch/record/2688111/files/ALICE-PUBLIC-2023-002)



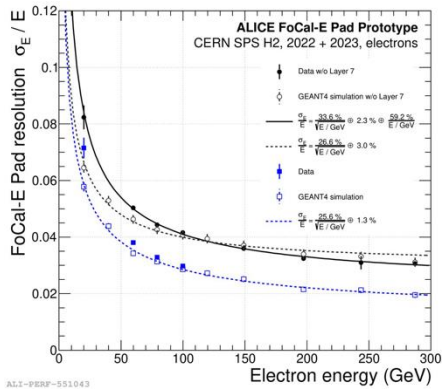
Forward Calorimeter (FoCal)



- ❑ Electromagnetic (FoCal-E) and hadronic (FoCal-H) calorimeter
- ❑ Acceptance: $3.2 < \eta < 5.8$

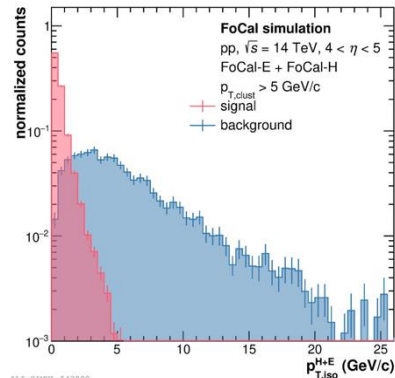
Main physics motivation

- ❑ Explore non-linear QCD evolution at small Bjorken- x
- ❑ Measurements of isolated- γ , DY, open charm, jets and UPC

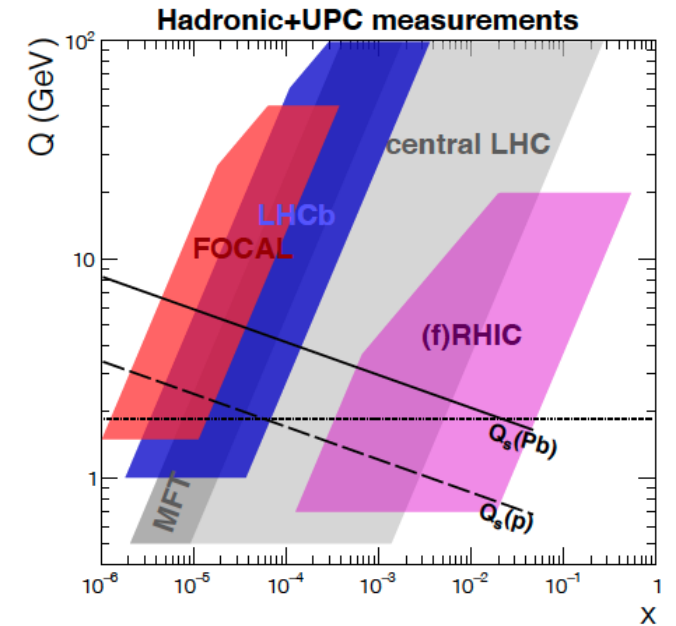
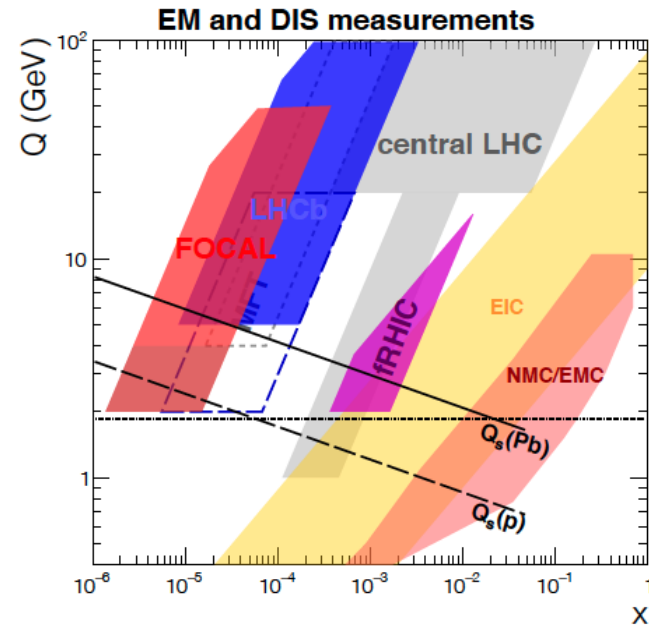


ALICE-PHOS-551043

Isolated photons



ALICE-SIMUL-543890



Lol: ALICE, LHCC-I-036 (2020)

Physics case: ALICE-PUBLIC-2023-001

Physics performance: ALICE-PUBLIC-2023-004

ALICE 3

Acceptance: $-4.0 < \eta < 4.0$

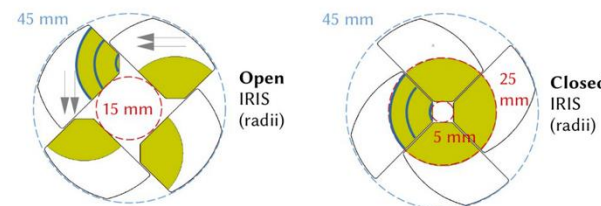
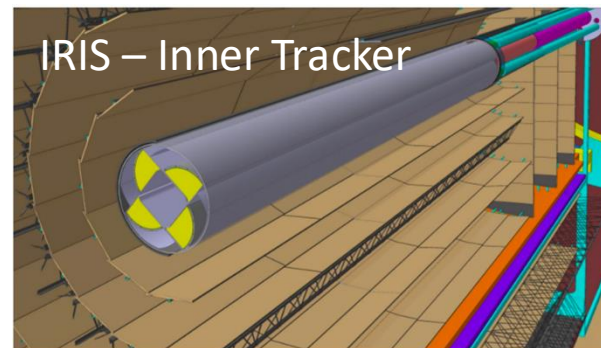
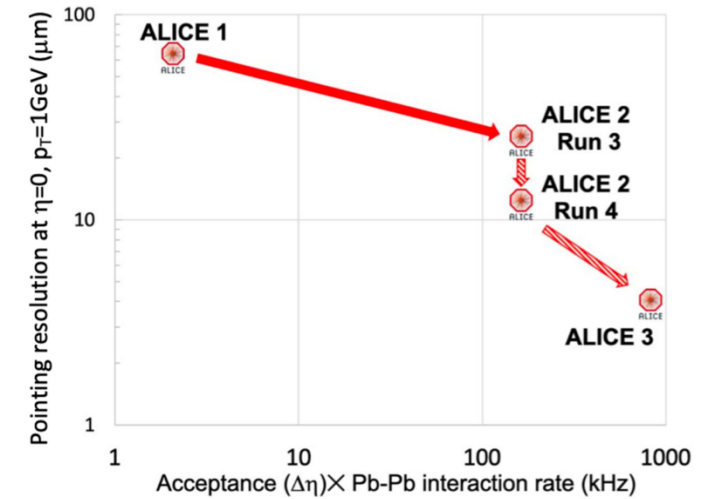
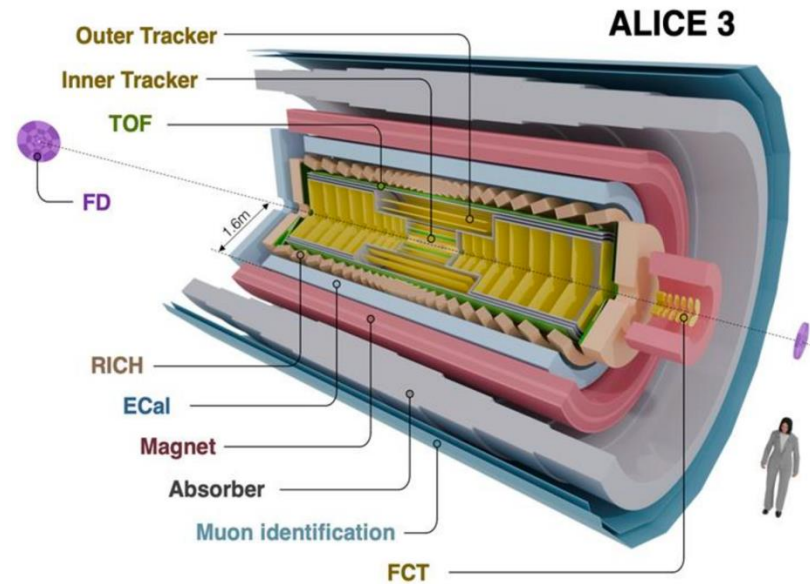
Main physics motivation

- ❑ QGP transport properties
- ❑ Hadronization mechanisms of charm and beauty hadrons, and nuclei
- ❑ Chiral symmetry restoration (photon and dileptons)
- ❑ BSM searches
- ❑ ...

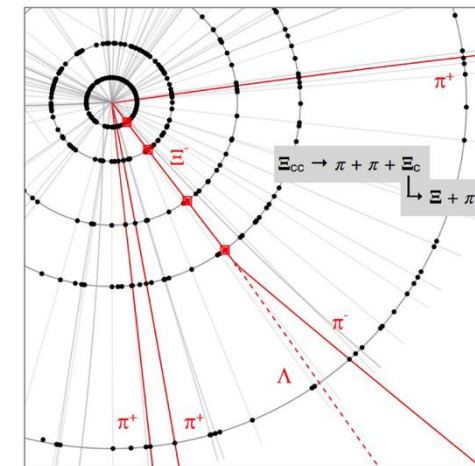
- ❑ Strong R&D on innovative sensors (large-area MAPS, LGADs time-of-flight and SiPM RICH)

LoI: [CERN-LHCC-2022-009](#)

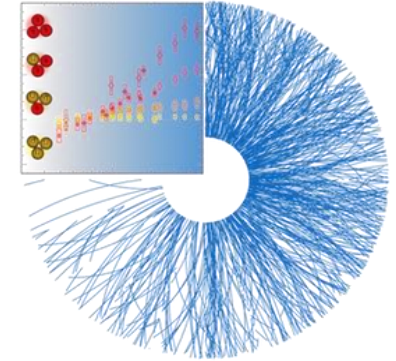
Scoping document: [CERN-LHCC-2025-002](#)



Multi-charm hadron production



Summary & Outlook



Light flavour

- ❑ Extended rapidity range for ALICE measurements in Run 3
- ❑ System created in Pb-Pb collisions is baryon-free and electrically neutral at midrapidity
- ❑ First evidence of the antihyperhelium – 4!
- ❑ Collective flow observed in large and small systems with characteristic pattern
- ❑ Femtoscopy correlations excellent tool to study strong interactions

Heavy flavour

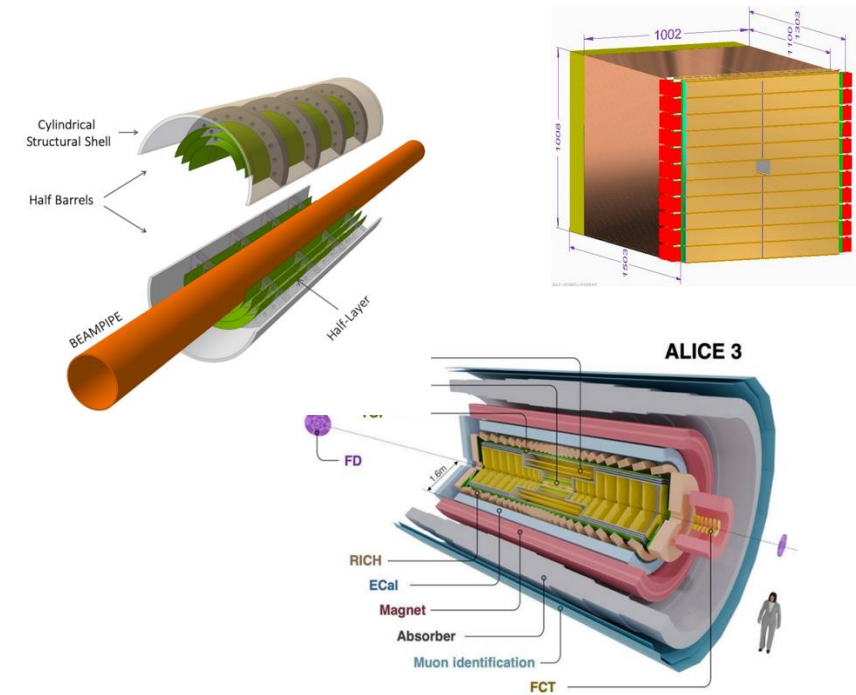
- ❑ First charm baryon v_2 measurement
- ❑ Sign of prompt J/ψ (re)generation in central collisions
- ❑ ALICE first non-prompt J/ψ measurements at forward rapidity

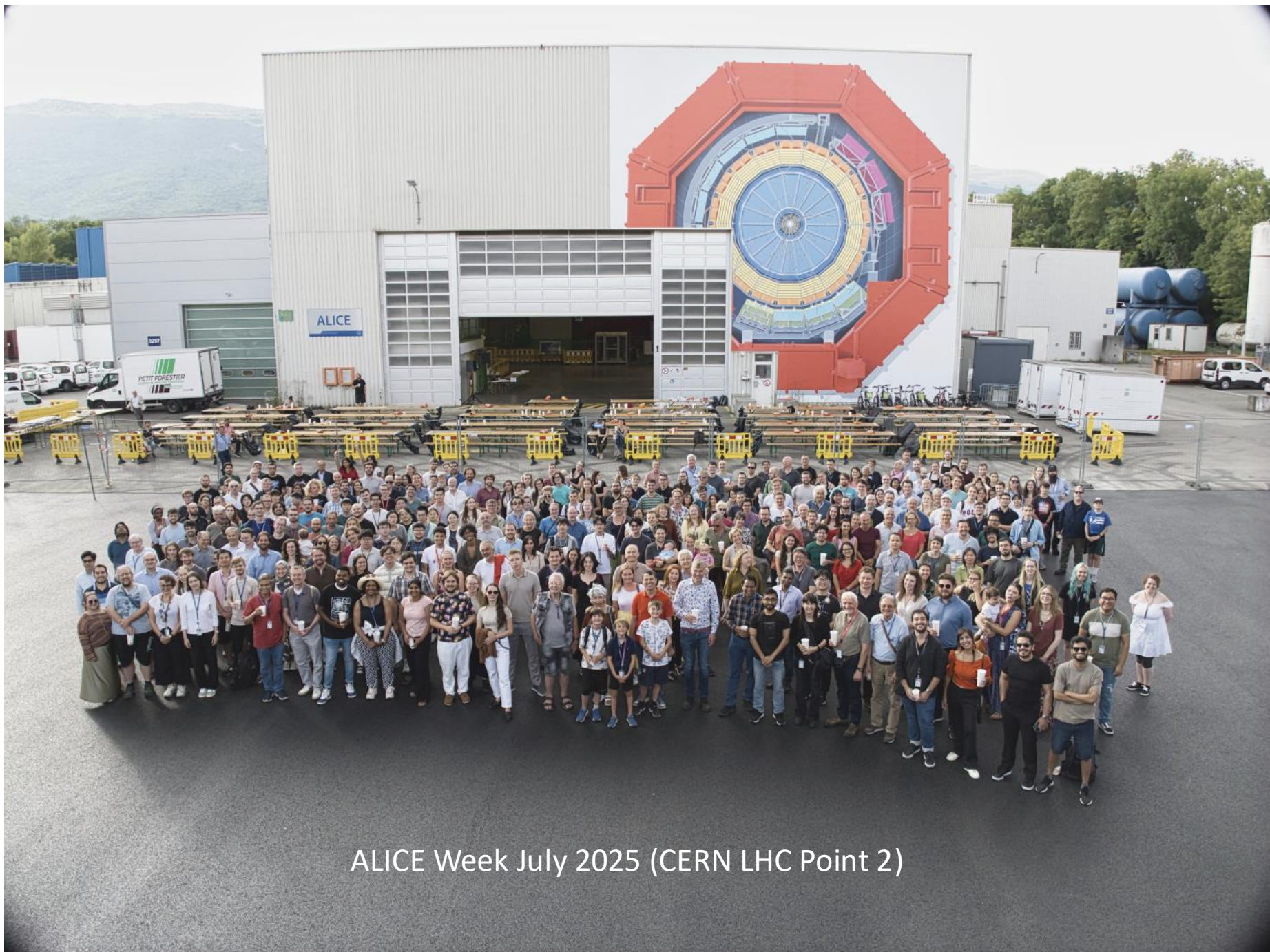
Ultraperipheral collisions

- ❑ J/ψ suppression in UPC
- ❑ γ -Pb collisions ruled mainly by Vector Meson Dominance
- ❑ Charm meson production (access to gluon PDF down to Bjorken- $x < 10^{-4}$)

Upgrades

- ❑ ALICE has ambitious upgrade plans: ITS 3, FoCal (Run 4) and ALICE 3 (beyond Run 4)

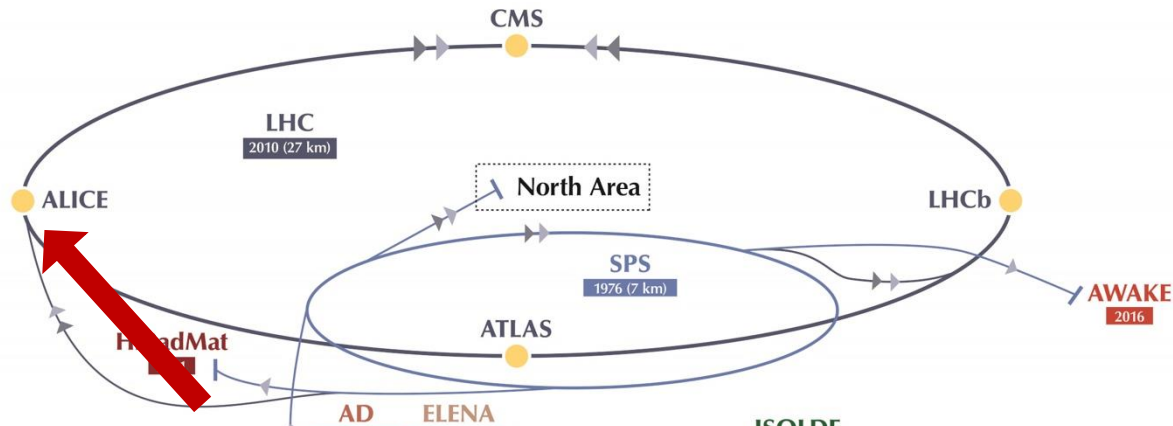




ALICE Week July 2025 (CERN LHC Point 2)

backup

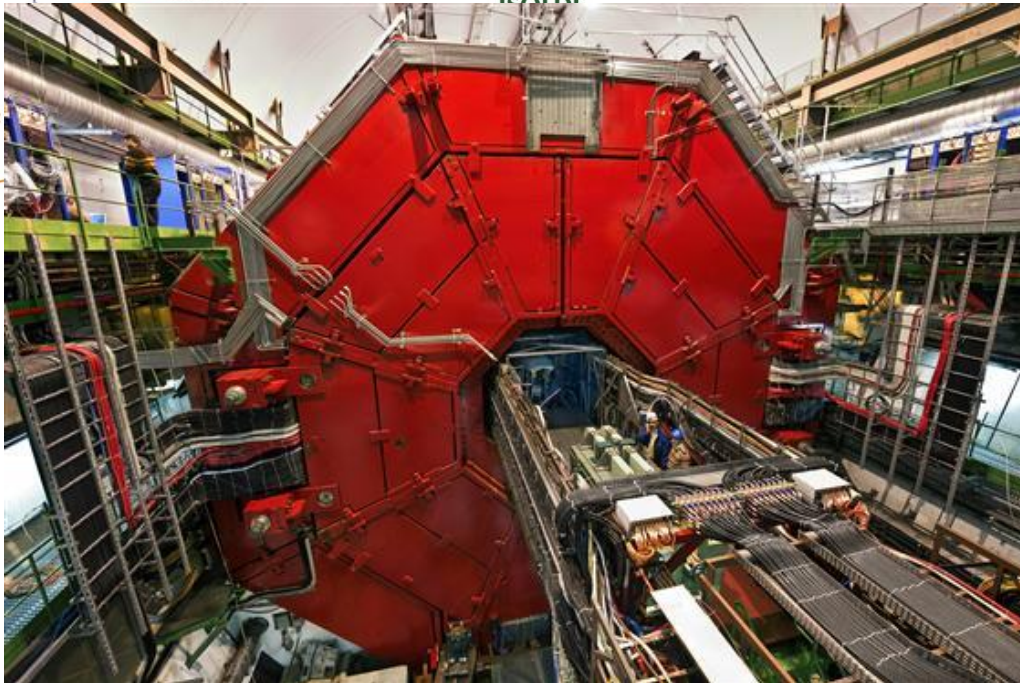
A Large Ion Collider Experiment (ALICE)



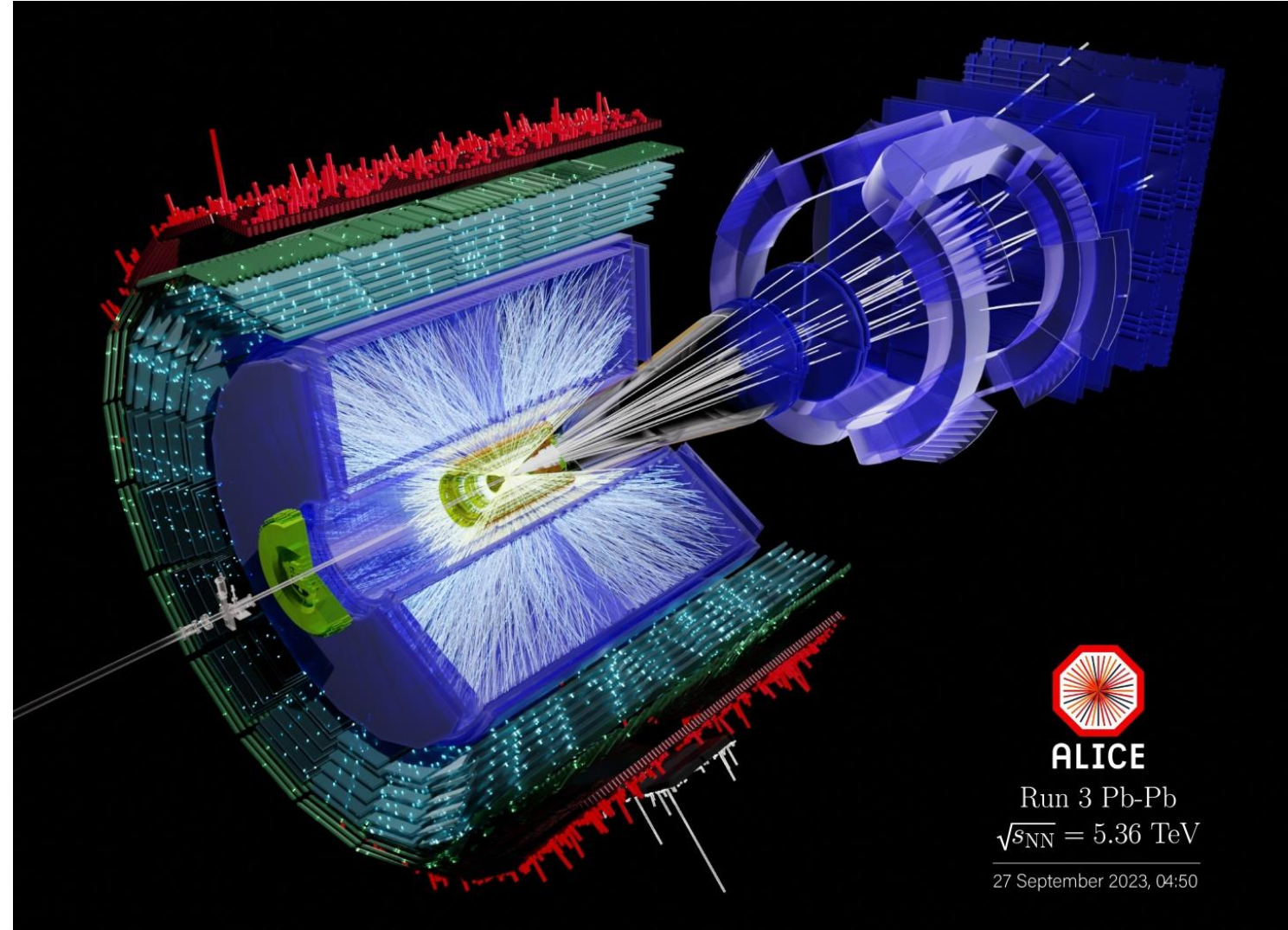
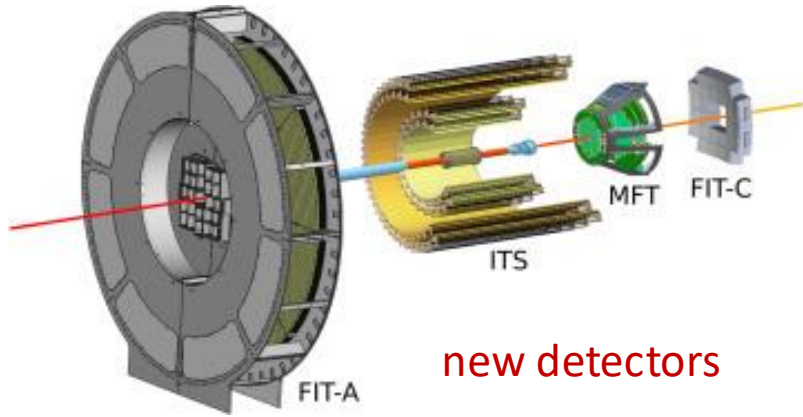
39 countries, 174 institutes, 1927 members



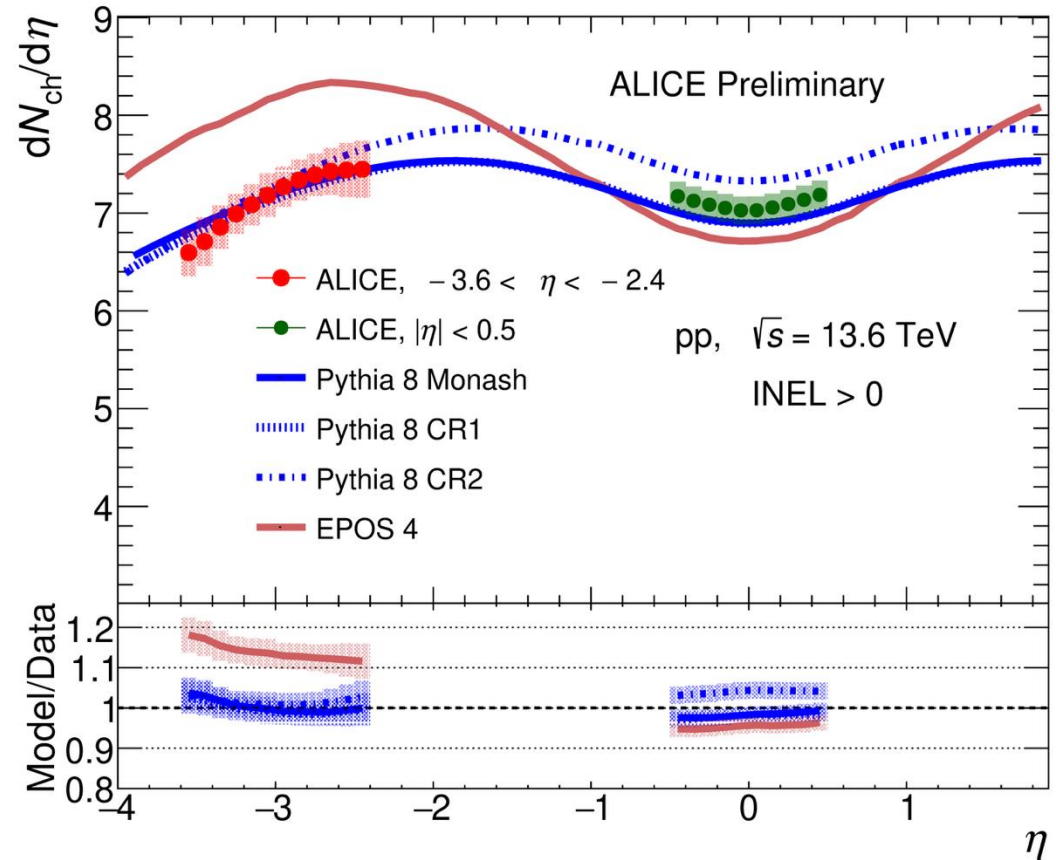
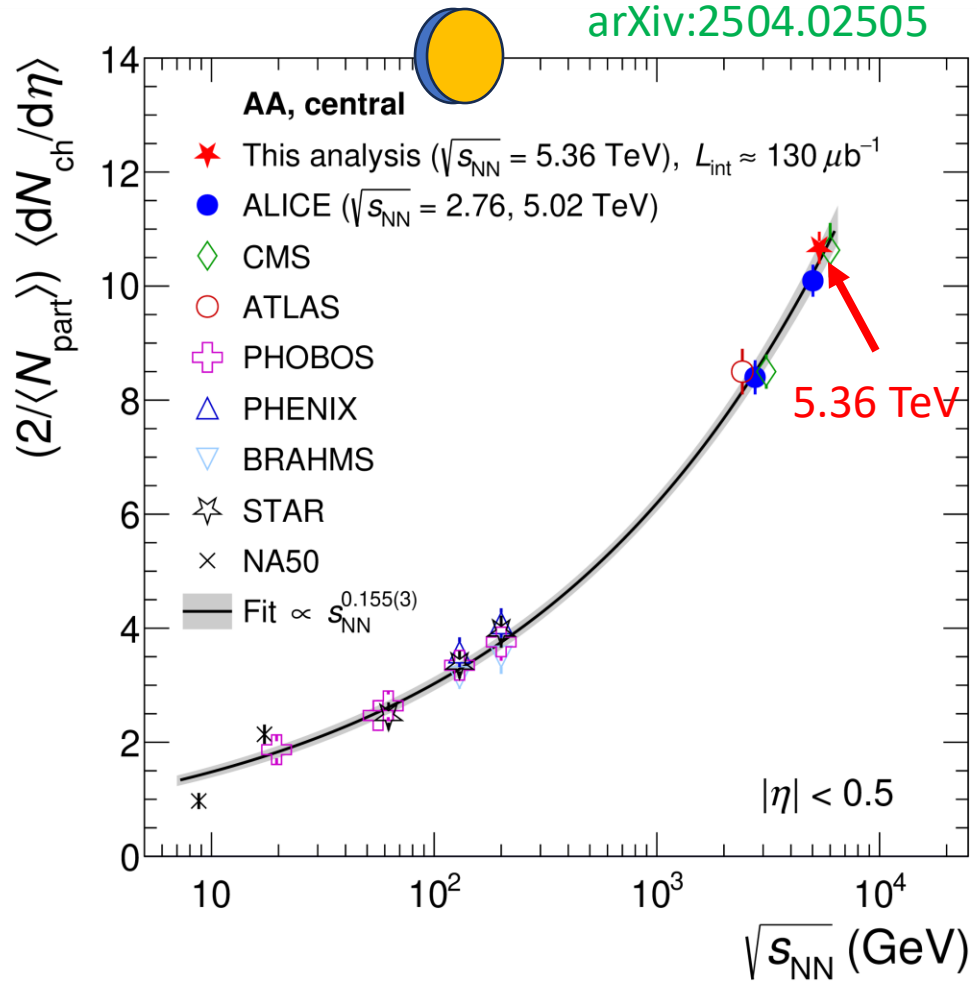
n_TOF
2001



FIT in Run 3



Charged particle production in ALICE



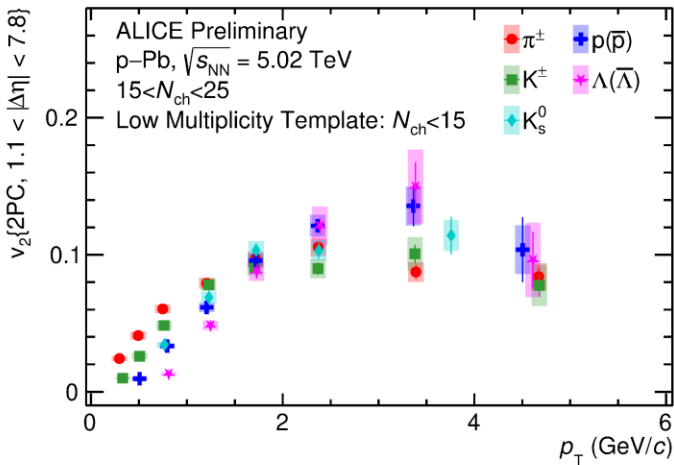
ALI-PUB-602543

- ALICE first Run 3 publication
- Energy dependence in line with expectations

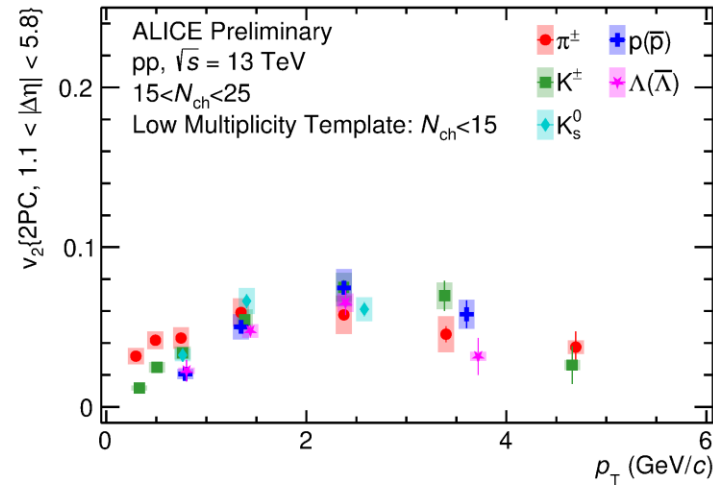
- ALICE first charged particle measurements in pp collisions at forward rapidity with new MFT detector
- Consistent with PYTHIA calculations

Anisotropic flow in various collision systems

Collective flow observed in large and small systems



ALI-PREL-573055



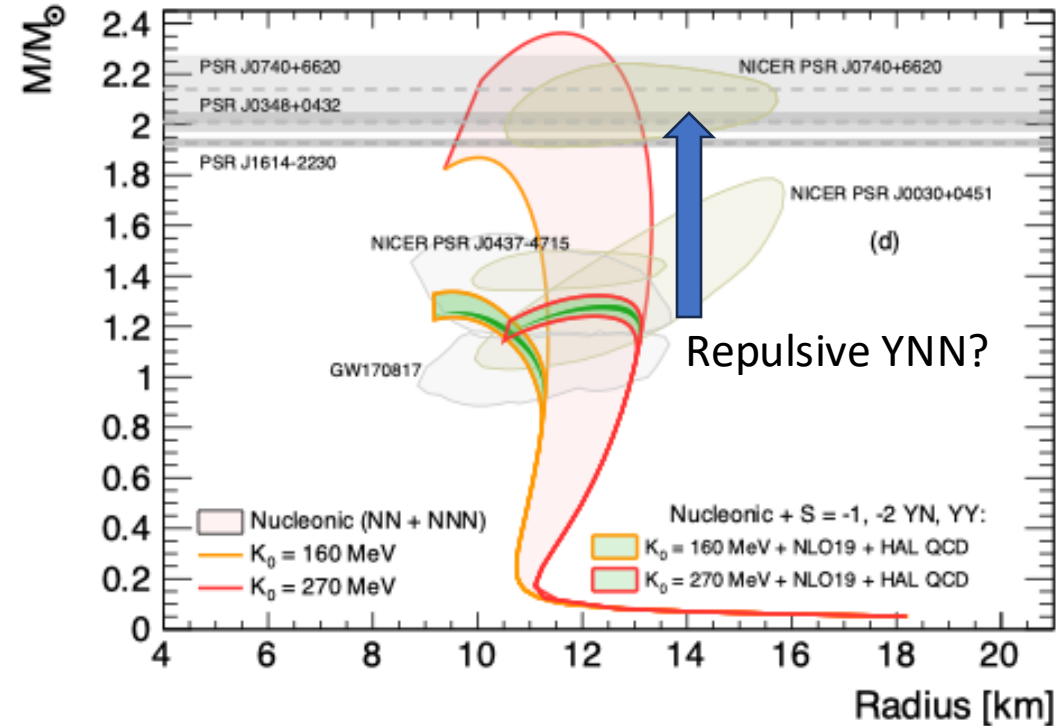
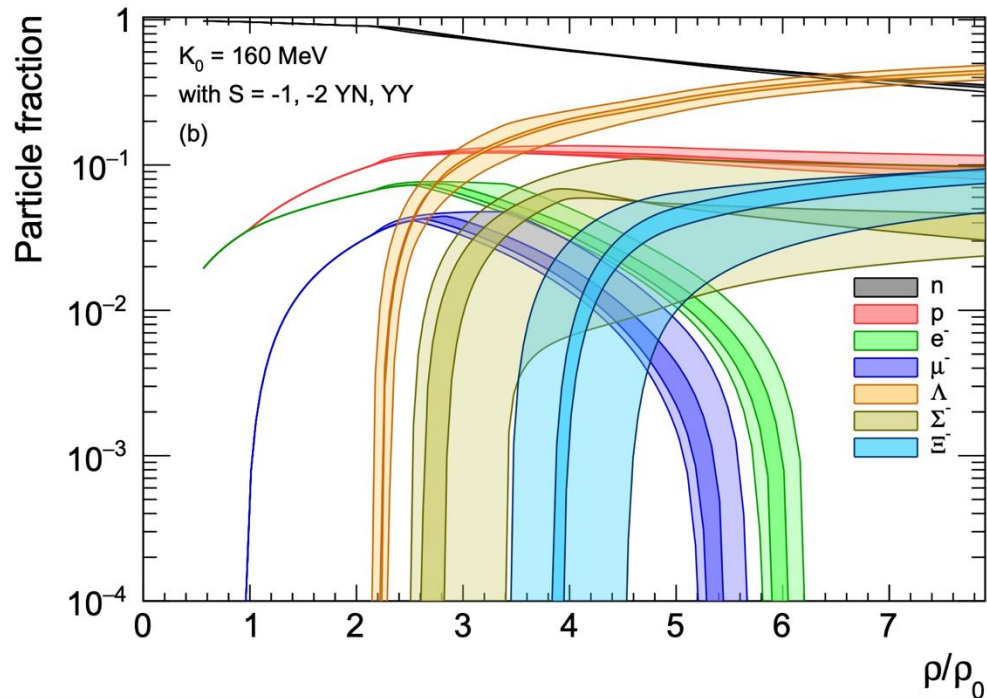
ALI-PREL-573045

- v_2 is non-zero for low multiplicity events
- Baryon-meson grouping diminishes for $N_{ch} < 25$

What is role of initial state effects on v_2 in low multiplicity collisions?

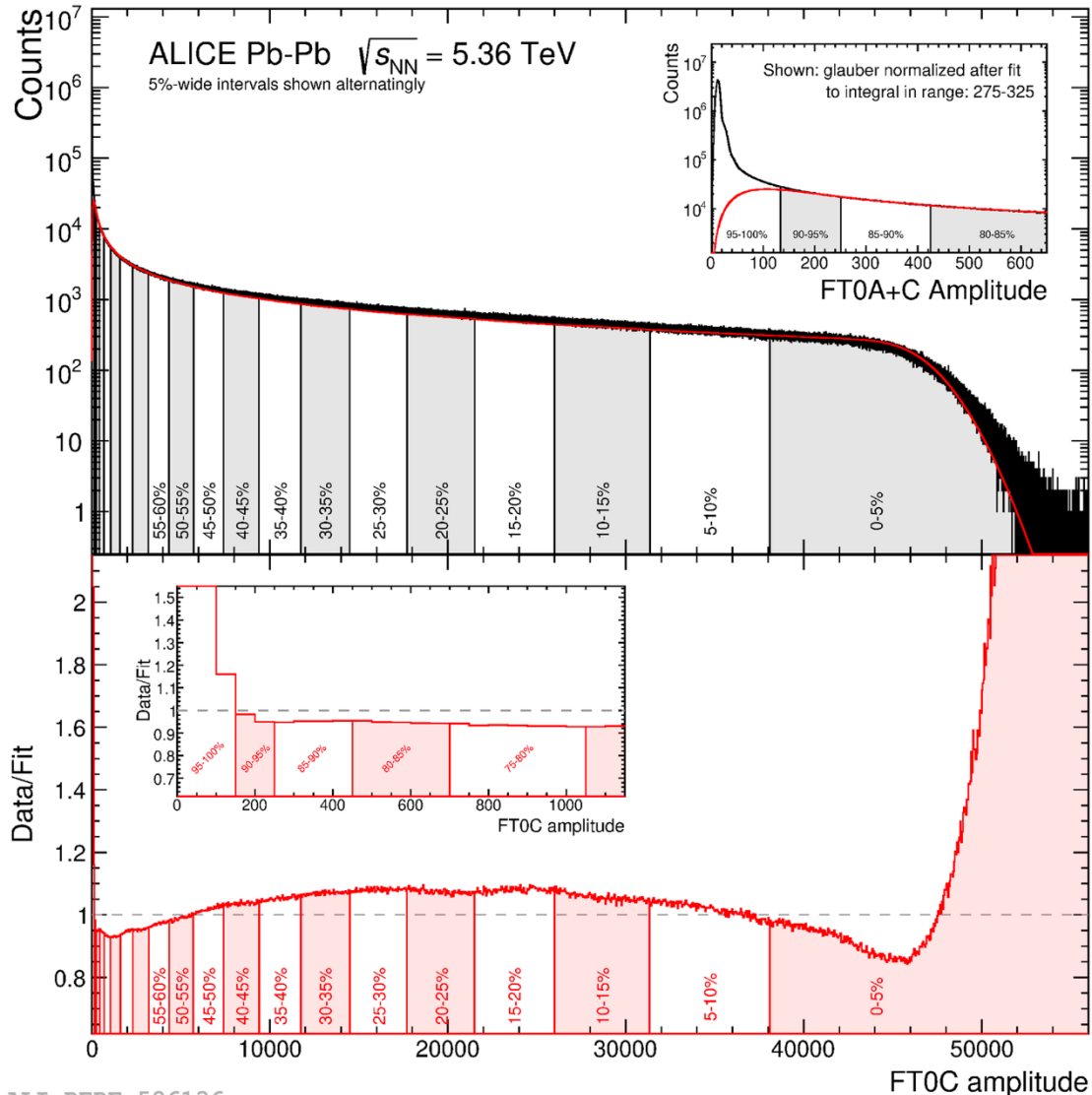
Strangeness in Neutron Stars

Equation of state with state-of-the-art interactions for NN, NNN, YN ($S=-1$ and $S=-2$) and YY fail to reproduce observed heavy neutron stars



I. Vida.a, V. Mantovani Sarti, J. Haidenbauer, D. Mihaylov, L. Fabbietti, EPJ.A 61 (2025) 3, 59

Multiplicity and centrality determination in ALICE



The multiplicity is estimated based on the signal amplitudes from FT0 detectors at forward rapidity

Centrality is determined based on a fit of Glauber models and Negative Binomial distribution (NBD)

→ Glauber MC: generate the collision geometry using nuclear shape parameters

→ Glauber Nancestors + NBD: model particle production and **fitting of the data**

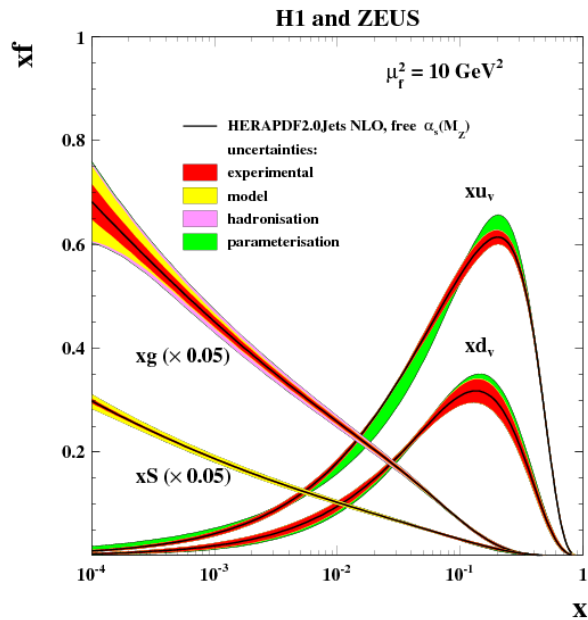
Nancestors = $f N_{part} + (1-f) N_{coll}$

Each ancestor emits particles according to NBD with parameters (μ, k)

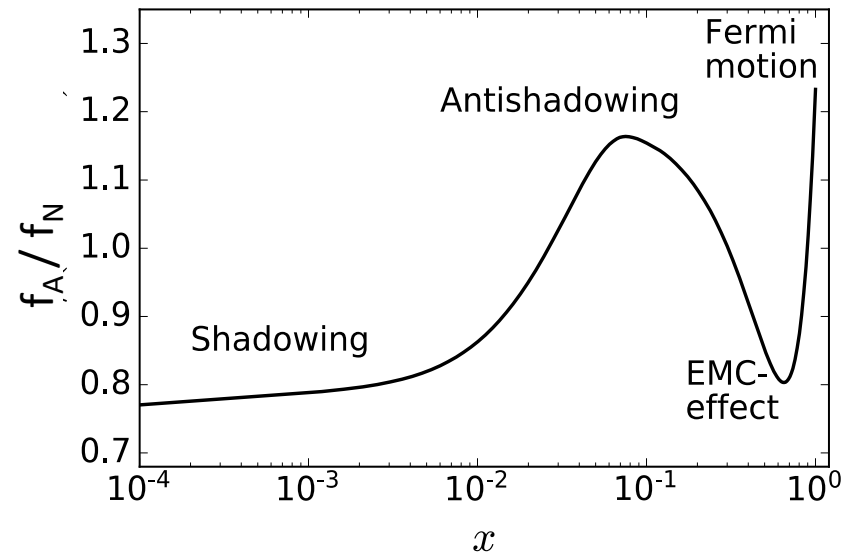
Probing parton distributions

- ❑ Hadron and nuclear PDFs at high energy
- ❑ Shadowing and gluon saturation at small Bjorken-x?
- ❑ Universal state of matter at high energy - Color Glass Condensate (CGC)?

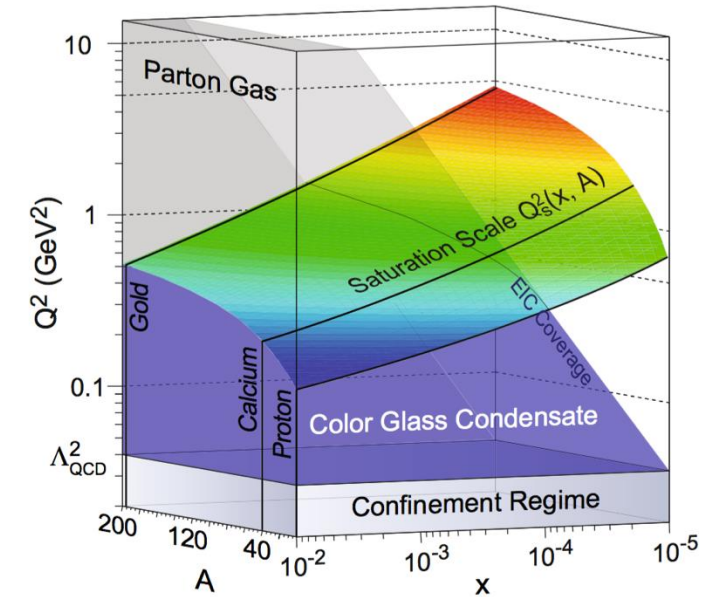
L. McLerran, R. Venugopalan, Phys. Rev. D 49 (1994) 2233



H1 and Zeus, EPCJ 75 (2015) 580



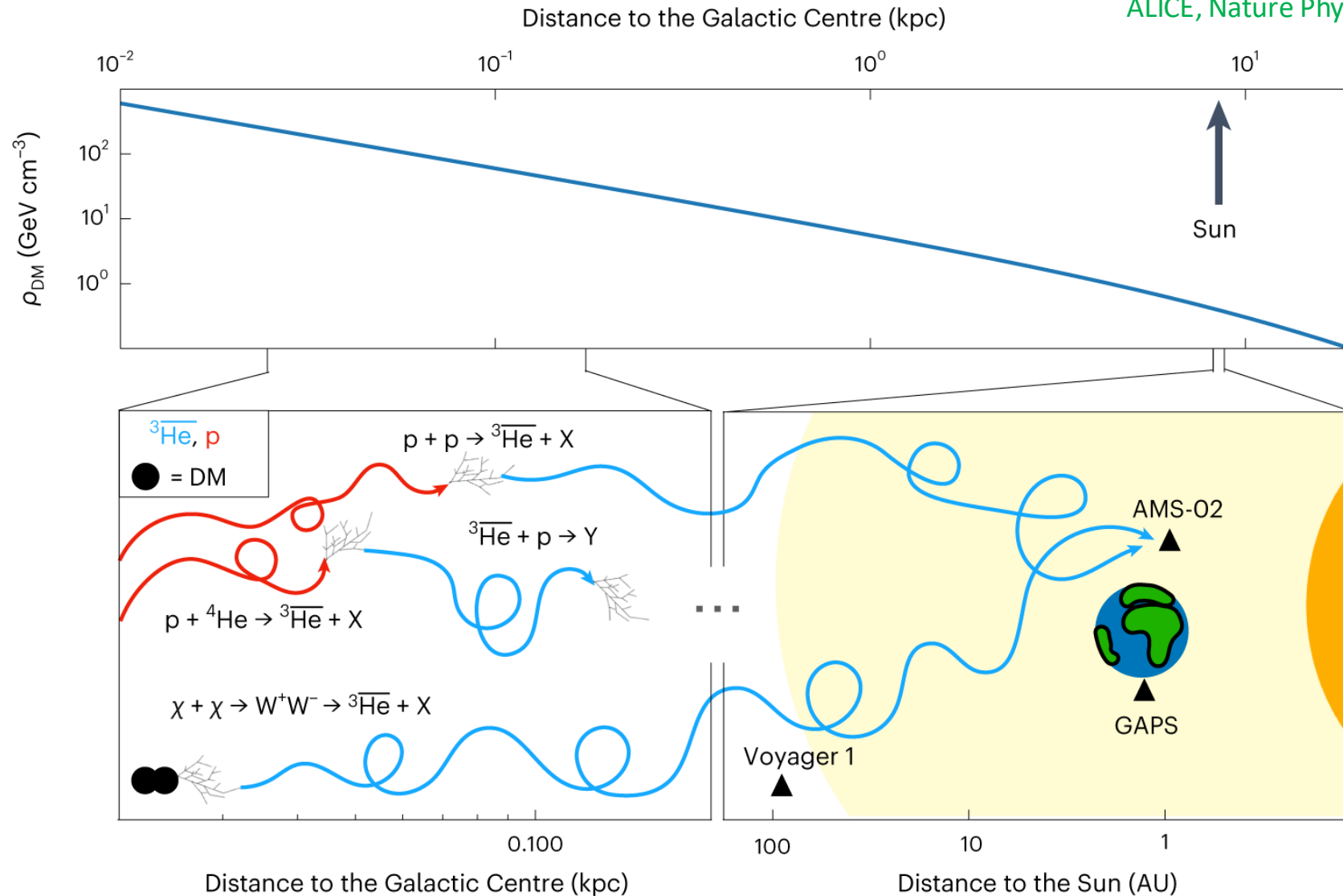
EMC, J.J. Aubert et al. Phys. Lett B123 (1983) 275



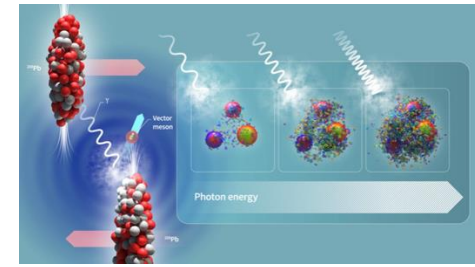
Accardi et al, EPJA 52 (2016) 268

Dark Matter Searches in ALICE

ALICE, Nature Physics 19 (2023) 61



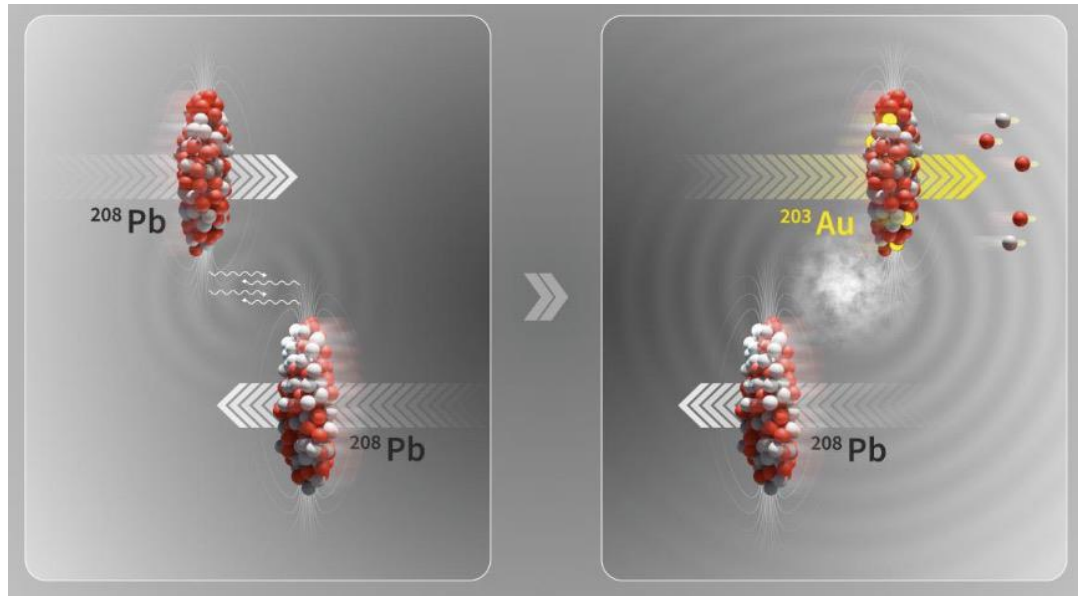
Modern form of Alchemy ☺



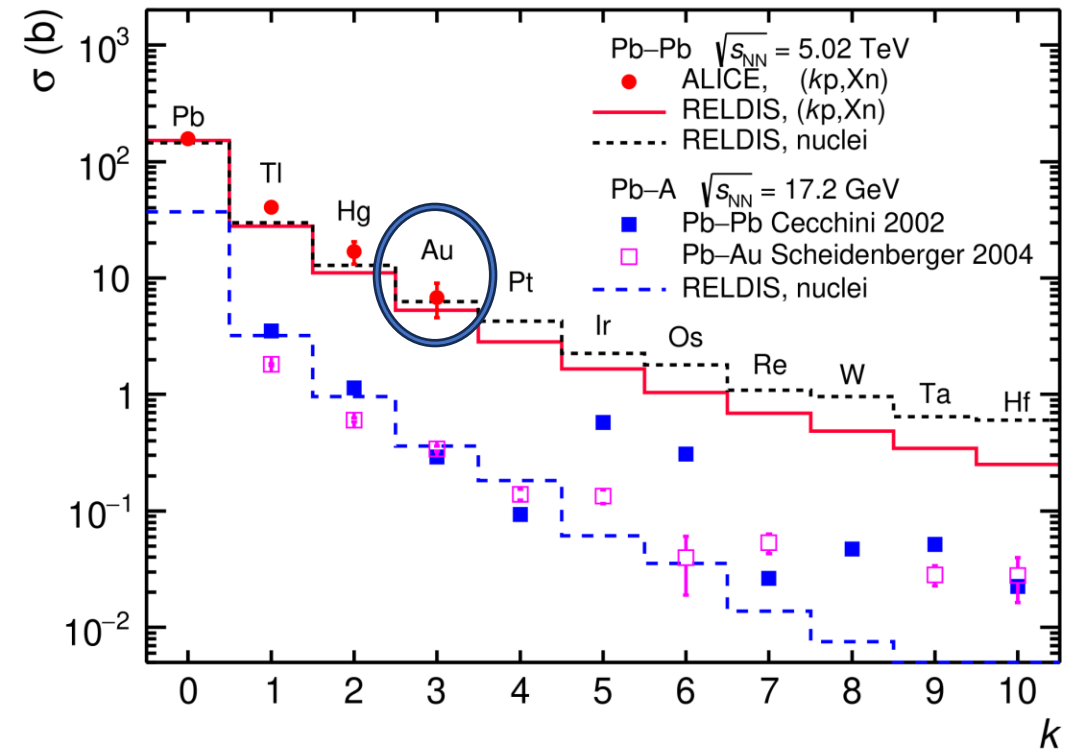
Electromagnetic dissociation of Pb in UPC

Emission of 3 protons: transmutation of Pb to Au by light

Phys. Rev. C111 (2025) 054906



In total $\sim 2.9 \times 10^{-11} \text{g}$ of various gold isotopes produced at the LHC during Run 2 (2015–2018)



ALI-PUB-606626